New Oxford Item.

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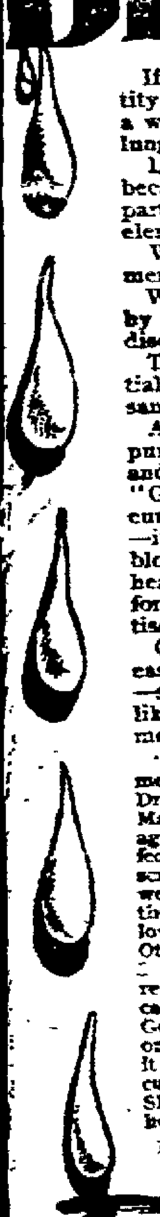
Blood



If the blood in sufficient quantity leaves the body because of a wound or hemorrhage of the lungs the result is death.

Life depends on the blood because the blood carries to all parts of the body the nutritive elements necessary to sustain it.

What if these nutritive elements are absent?

What if they are supplanted by poisonous, effete matter and disease germs?

The first result is disease—partial death. The final result is the same as from loss of blood.

All disease is traceable to impurity or weakness of the blood and that is the reason the "Golden Medical Discovery" cures so many different diseases—it purifies and vitalizes the blood—makes it rich, red and healthy—fills it with nutriment for the starving nerves and tissues.

Consumption is properly a disease of the blood—so is scrofula—so is rheumatism. They look like different diseases but one medicine will relieve all three.

"I am using a good many of your medicines in my practice," writes Dr. Joseph Fike, of Lost Springs, Marion Co., Kansas. "Ten years ago a patient of mine was badly affected with that dreadful disease, scrofula. Her mouth and throat were in an awful condition, and there were lumps on the outside below the jaws the size of a hen's egg. Other doctors said it was a fatal case. I felt confident that none of my remedies would benefit her any. It came to my mind that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery was recommended for such cases, so I gave it to her as directed. Five bottles cured her and she is well to-day. She is married now and has three healthy children."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

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We are closing out our entire line of

Dry Goods, Carpets, Notions,

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and thereby retire from business. This gives you an opportunity to get

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THIS GIVES YOU AN IDEA.

$1 Blankets now 75 cents.
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$1.25 Quilts, now 85 cents.
$1 Corsets, now 80 cents.
50c. Dress Goods, now 25 cents.
15c. Cotton Bat, now 12½ cents.
10c. Outings, now 7 cents.
5c. Spool Cotton, now 3 cents.

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We are now adding to our already immense stock of Furniture a very supeior line of

ROCKERS,
RECLINIG CHAIRS,
LOUNGES,
BUFFETS,

Hat Racks, &c., which are of the most Handsome Styles; would make a most acceptable HOLIDAY GIFT, for some near and dear friend. Call and see our goods and learn prices.

M. A. Baughman.

Baltimore St., Hanover, Pa.

For neat and cheap SALE BILLS, come to the ITEM office.

EXCURSIONISTS KILLED.

Terrible Accident on the Lehigh Valley at Dunnellen, N. J.

SIXTEEN DEAD AND MANY HURT

Bound Brook, N. J., Jan. 10.—By a head on collision between two passengers trains of the Lehigh Valley railroad at West Dunnellien yesterday 16 persons were killed and 40 injured.

West Dunnellen is three miles from Bound Brook and about 30 miles from New York city. At the spot where the disaster occurred there is a sharp curve in the Lehigh Valley tracks and a steep cutting, but the accident was due in the first place to some terrible mistake in train orders, and in the second place to another accident that occurred at Bound Brook earlier in the day.

A head on collision on a double track road was made possible only by a freight wreck which occurred at Bound Brook at 6 o'clock in the morning, when the axle of a freight car broke and nine cars were piled on top of each other. This completely blocked the east bound track, and all Lehigh Valley trains bound for New York switched from their own track to the west bound track, going over these rails from Bound Brook to Newmarket, a distance of six miles, and changing at the latter place back to their right side of the road. To permit this mode of traffic all west bound trains were held at South Plainfield until their own line was clear of trains going in the opposite direction.

Train No. 20, which left Shamokin, Pa., at 7 a. m., was so heavy with human freight that it had to be broken into three sections. The first sections arrived at Bound Brook, switched over to the other track, switched back at Newmarket and reached New York in safety. The third section of this train was almost an hour late. Its seven cars were crowed with 400 excursionists, most of them from Mount Carmel and Shamokin, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Ashland and Pottsville, Pa. The party was travelling under the auspices of the Business Men's excursion, an annual event which many patronize for a three days' visit to New York. for a three days' visit to New York. The train switched over at Bound Brook and proceeded, like the preceding sections, on the west bound track.

Not a few of the excursionists were going to witness the McCoy-Sharkey fight. Their train switched over at Bound Brook and proceeded, like the preceding sections, on the west bound track.

Meanwhile there had been waiting at Newmarket a local train (No. 71) that plies regularly between New York and Bound Brook. Owing to the traffic all going on one track it was almost an hour late. At last the train dispatcher at South Plainfield gave it permission to go. Just before reaching West Dunnellen Engineer Rick slowed his train down, because he stops for passengers, if there are any. Martin Brennan, the signal man, threw up his arms and waved them, as if to say there were no passengers, so the local put on steam and headed round the curve, going at about 25 miles an hour. There were only four passengers on the local.

In the cab of the excursion train was James Prendergast, the engineer, with his fireman, George Cheshire. They saw the local as it started on the curve. With shrieking whistle and brakes grinding sparks from the wheels the excursion train bore down to what seemed certain destruction. The passengers, alarmed at the continued whistle, opened the windows, mothers snatched their children in their arms, men started from their seats, but before they had time to find out what was the matter they were hurled headlong, knocked senseless and many killed outright. The two engines, now pilotless for both crews had jumped, came together with an awful crash. The excursion train was probably going at about 15 miles an hour. The local engine, as if tripped in its faster flight, turned a complete somersault and came crashing down beside its now demolished obstruction. But its career was not ended before it had jammed the tender of the excursion train almost from one end to the other of the first car from Shamokin. The tender stopped a few seats from the rear door. The car, or what was left of it, rolled over, carrying with it the imbedded tender, the fragments of a dozen bodies and the imprisoned wounded.

It was in the first car of the excursion train that all the deaths and most of the casualties occurred. The other cars, though their occupants were badly shaken, stayed on the track and were in condition to be hauled off.

On this section of the Lehigh Valley the block system is not in use. The train dispatcher at Easton, who has charge of the territory, is said to have wired the operator at South Plainfield to let No. 71, the local, come through, but later there was a message from Easton to hold all westbound traffic. It is alleged that the latter message was overlooked. Some say it was not handed to the operator, but whichever way it was the westbound train was allowed on its track, and from everything that could be learned the collision was plainly due to a mistake in orders and to no negligence of the train crews.

AMBASSADOR TO RUSSIA.

Charlemagne Tower For St. Petersburg and A. C. Harris For Vienna.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The list of nominations sent to the senate by the president yesterday include the following: Charlemagne Tower, of Pennsylvania, now minister to Austria-Hungary, to be ambassador to Russia; Addison C. Harris, of Indiana, to be minister to Austria-Hungary. There were also a number of promotions and appointments in the volunteer infantry.

Mr. Tower is a wealthy gentleman of Philadelphia, is about 50 years old, and given to literary pursuits. He has never taken any active interest in politics, and never was known as an "organization" man in any way. He has written a history of Lafayette and some essays. His appointment as minister to Austria when made at the beginning of the present administration, was not made upon the request of the senators from Pennsylvania, and his selection was something of a surprise to them.

Mr. Harris, who goes as minister to Austria, is a resident of Indianapolis, and one of the foremost of the bar of the state. Mr. Harris has given comparatively little attention to politics. He has never held office except to serve for one term as a member of the state senate. He was one of the Republican candidates for presidential elector during the campaign of 1896, and was at one time a candidate for congress against Mr. Bynum. Mr. Harris is about 53 years of age. He is married, but has no children.

Pittsburg, Jan. 10.—Jack McClelland, of this city, and Luke Stevens, of Buffalo, featherweights, fought 12 hot rounds last night at Homestead. McClelland received the decision before the 13th round, because Stevens broke his left arm and could not proceed. While neither man had any decided advantage in the fight, Stevens seemed to have the better of it up to the time his arm snapped.

Sharkey Defeats McCoy.

New York, Jan. 10.—The boxing match between Sharkey, the "sailor pugilist," and "Kid" McCoy took place before the Lenox Athletic club tonight. The contest, which was to have been for 20 rounds, was ended in the tenth round by Sharkey knocking McCoy down and out.

Thirty-nine Degrees Below Zero.

Saranac Lake, N. Y., Jan. 11.—The mercury here at sunrise yesterday dropped to the lowest point reached this season, 39 below zero.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS

As Reflected by Dealings in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Philadelphia, Jan. 10.—Flour well maintained: winter superfine, $2.25@2.50; Pennsylvania roller, clear, $3.15@3.30; city mills, extra, $2.50@2.75. Rye flour quiet, but firm, at $3.10 per barrel for choice Pennsylvania. Wheat slow; No. 2 red, January, 75¼@75½c. Corn dull; No. 2 mixed, old, January, 41⅝@41⅞c.; do. do., new, 40[illegible]c.; No. 2 yellow, new, for local trade, 41½@42c. Hay in moderate supply and demand; prices well maintained; choice timothy, $11.50 for large bales. Beef steady; beef hams, $1[illegible]@19. Pork steady; family, $[illegible]@12.50. Lard steady; western steamed, $5.75. Butter steady; western creamery, 15@20c.; do. factory, 12@14½c.; Elgins, 21c.; imitation creamery, 13@17c.; New York dairy, 13@18c.; do. country, 15@20c.; fancy Pennsylvania prints jobbing at 23@26c.; do. wholesale, 22c. Cheese quiet; large, white and colored, 14c.; small do., 11c.; light skims, [illegible]; part do., 6½@7½c.; full do., [illegible]c. Eggs steady; New York and Pennsylvania, 24c.; western, fresh, 23c.; southern, [illegible]. [illegible] Jersey, $1.12½@1.50; New York, $1.25@1.62½; Long Island, $1.[illegible]; Jersey sweets, $1.25@1.50. Tallow firm; city, [illegible]c.; country, 4@4½c. Cottonseed oil firm; prime crude, 15c.; do. yellow, [illegible]c. Cabbage quiet at $2@4 per 100.

Baltimore, Jan. 10.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat easier; spot and month, [illegible]; February, 76¼@76½c.; May, 76⅛@76⅝c.; steamer No. 2 red, 73@73¼c.; southern, by sample, 70@77c.; do. on grade, [illegible]c. Corn quiet and lower; spot and month, 40@40⅛c.; February, 40¼@40½c.; steamer mixed, 37@37⅛c.; southern, white and yellow, 37½@40½c. Oats firm; No. 2 white, 31@31½c.; No. 2 mixed, [illegible]. Rye steady; No. 2 nearby, 55c.; No. 2 western, [illegible]c. Hay firm; No. 1 timothy, $9.50. [illegible] $1.25@1.50 per bushel [illegible].

QUAY'S APPEAL DENIED.

The Senator Must Stand Trial in the Philadelphia Court.

Philadelphia, Jan. 11.—The supreme court yesterday dismissed the petition of the defendants in the Quay conspiracy case and the case will now go back to the court of quarter sessions for trial in the regular course of procedure.

The petition had been filed on behalf of United States Senator Quay, his son Richard R. Quay, and former State Treasurer Benjamin J. Haywood, who asked for a writ of certiorari to remove the case to the higher tribunal on the grounds that political prejudices would prevent them from getting a fair trial in the county court.

Chief Justice Sterrett handed down the opinion. He merely announced that the rule was discharged and the petition dismissed at the cost of petitioners. The chief justice filed an opinion, concurred in by the entire court, but this was placed on record without public reading.

Briefly stated, the court declares itself satisfied that the petitioners can and will have a fair and impartial trial in this county.

The announcement of the decision created a profound sensation in political circles and there is much speculation as to its effect on the selection of a United States senator, for which the state legislature will begin balloting next Tuesday. Senator Quay left town for Washington yesterday afternoon without having expressed any opinion concerning the case. He did say, however, that he would be in Harrisburg tonight. The legislature will reconvene tomorrow.

District Attorney Rothermel said that the trial will go on in the regular course of business, but he was not prepared to say when it will be heard. Although Former District Attorney Graham, who instituted the proceedings while in office, was engaged by his successor, Mr. Rothermel, as special attorney to conduct the case before the suprem court, it is not known whether Mr. Graham will handle the case when it is resumed in the quarter sessions.

The charges against the defendants is conspiracy with John S. Hopkins, cashier of the People's bank, who committed suicide when the bank failed last March, to misuse state funds on deposit there. They were arrested last October, and after a preliminary hearing entered bail for trial. The date fixed for trial has several times been postponed. Senator Quay and his codefendants have persistently alleged that the prosecution is actuated by political enmities, the aim of which is to defeat his re-election to the United States senate.

FATAL HOTEL FIRE.

Three Dead and Five Badly Injured in a Pittsburg Conflagration.

Pittsburg, Jan. 9.—A fire broke out in the Hotel Richelieu at 3:15 yesterday morning and resulted in a property loss of only about $15,000, but three lives were sacrificed and five people badly hurt. The dead are: Amos S. Landis, Grapeville, Pa.; George A. Walters, Camden, N. J.; Mrs. Katherine Boyle, Pittsburg. The three victims were guests of the hotel and all were suffocated by the dense smoke.

The injured are: Dr. Robert Blacksley, of Plymouth, Pa., fracture of vertebrae, caused by falling from third floor window, will probably die; Henry Painter, Grapeville, Pa., small blood vessels of lungs ruptured by inhaling smoke, may recover; John L. Mills, proprietor of the hotel, face and body badly burned; Miss Mills, his daughter, cut by glass while breaking through window to escape; William Garretson, Clearfield, Pa., delegate to miners' national convention, painfully burned about the back and hips.

The fire originated on the second floor from an explosion of gas, and within a few monments the building was a mass of flames and blinding smoke. The noise of the explosion awakened most of the guests, about 20 in number, and a frantic fight for life ensued.

Robert N. Thompson, of Kalaska, Mich., was the means of saving at least six lives. In the first moments after the explosion he rushed into the hallway of the second floor and stumbled over the unconscious form of a woman, whom he dragged into the reception room. Five others, three men and two women, who had been turned back from the stairway by the flames, were shrieking and fighting for some exit. Thompson forced them all into the big room and locked the door. Knowing that it meant death to go into the hall he fought the desperate men back until the arrival of the firemen, when all were rescued.

Murderer Died Blaspheming.

Eminence, Mo., Jan. 11.—O. H. Baker, the wife murderer, was hanged yesterday in the presence of 2,000 persons. On the scaffold he cursed the country and the [illegible]

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

Thursday, June 5.

Spain's floating debt amounts to 554,-510,595 pesetas.

Minnie French Evans, the actress, died in New York of apoplexy.

The Massachusetts supreme court declares the indeterminate sentence act unconstitutional.

General Ludlow, at Havana, has suppressed immoral dances at the theaters and indecent literature.

Maine Republicans' senatorial caucus unanimously renominated United States Senator Eugene Hale.

Joseph H. Choate, the eminent New York lawyer, has been selected by the president for ambassador to England.

Barrooms on our transport vessels, at which exorbitant prices were charged the soldiers, may lead to the dismissal of two quartermasters.

Comptroller Dawes has decided that the Philadelphia Record must be sold to protect the interests of the failed Chestnut Street bank depositors.

Friday, Jan. 6.

Mrs. Moore, the financial backer of Keeley, of motor fame, died in London, aged 75.

The British completely routed the dervishes on the Blue Nile, but Emir Ashmed Fedil escaped.

General Polavieja, ex-governor general of the Philippines, may succeed Sagasta as Spanish premier.

It is reported that Count Leo Tolstoi will be banished from Russia for championing the cause of the disenters.

Captain Sigsbee's share of the prize money for the British ship Rothermel is $976.88. Sailors get $4 and $5 each.

In a fight with six fleeing robbers in Chicago Policeman Wallner was killed and Policeman McCauley wounded. The robbers escaped.

British steamer Rossshire and French steamer Duquesclin collided off Revose Head, Wales. Eleven of the latter's crew were drowned.

Saturday, Jan. 7.

Stringent regulations have been issued for regular inspections of army camps.

At a shipbuilding works at Barking, England, a boiler exploded, killing nine people.

Exploding acetyline gas killed Gustav Kiel, a prominent merchant of Pemberville, O.

Governor Roosevelt rode on a locomotive from Albany to New York in record breaking time.

Rev. Newell D. Hillis, of Chicago, has been chosen for the pastorate of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, vice Lyman Abbott.

J. B. Bertholf, Western Union manager in Jersey City, has been indicted for "aiding and abetting a green goods swindle," in accepting the sharpers' telegrams.

Monday, Jan. 9.

Tornado destroyed a country schoolhouse in Scott county, Ark., killing three pupils.

General Lawton proposes to take with him to the Philippines the flower of the American army.

A head on collision on the Southern railroad, near Elk Valley, Tenn., killed four railroaders.

Philippines insurgents have "kerosened" Iloilo, preparatory to burning the town if attacked by Americans.

The report of the late Colonel Waring on the filthy condition of Havana warns the government against delaying sanitary reforms.

Fire in the Richelieu hotel at Pittsburg resulted in the death of A. S. Landis, Grapeville, Pa.; G. A. Walters, Camden, N. J.; Mrs. Catherine Boyle, Pittsburg.

Tuesday, Jan. 10.

Archbishop Ireland left St. Paul for Rome, to visit the pope.

Lawyer G. W. Byram was sentenced in New York to seven years imprisonment for forgery.

Despite General Ludlow's order, Cuban General Sanguily parades Havana's streets in unifirm.

A wreck on the Union Pacific railroad near Sidney, Neb., resulted in four dead and seven injured.

A Chicago syndicate offers to buy street railwry franchises, reduce fares and sell to the city after 25 years.

The Spanish troops landed in Barcelona from Havana were in such a pitiable condition that the populace indulged in threats against officials.

New Castle, Pa., Jan. 9.—John Blevins, city treasurer of New Castle, was found Saturday midnight in his office unconscious and dying. His head had been beaten to a jelly, the safe broken open and perhaps $200 in money taken. Saturday evening Blevins went to the tailor's for a new suit of clothes. The garments were not ready, and he went to his office, which is over the jail, to wait until the tailor had finished. When at midnight he had not returned home his son went to his office. He found his father lying on the floor, unconscious in a pool of blood. He died soon afterward. The robbers and murderers left no clew to their identity. The prisoners in the jail said they heard a sound as of something falling about 3 o'clock, and that was about the time Blevins went to his office.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WHEN THE COLD DAYS COME.

When the cold days come, and the snow falls in the night,
Then it's good to be by fires that flood the room with light:
We care not then for sunshine o'er the broad hills streaming bright,
When the cold days come, and the snow falls in the night.

When the cold days come, there is pleasure still in store—
Though we do not reap the roses, or the daisies any more:
But the feet of Love fall lightly where the firelight flecks the floor—
And there's pleasure in full measure, and a wealth of it in store!

CAPTAIN FITZ PRIGG.

"Why, general! is that you?"

It was I, certainly, but to be brevetted from civil life to high military station without notice, and without the consciousness of having done anything to merit the promotion, took me a little aback. It was my first visit to New York, but I had read enough about metropolitan tricks upon travelers to be on my guard. I supposed, in short, I had had my eyeteeth cut—theoretically, at least.

"You are in error, sir," I said; "I am not the gentleman you take me for."

"What! not General Flayem of——?"

"My name is Hay," I replied—"Timothy Hay from——"

"Well! I never was so mistaken! Do you know," the stranger continued, "you and my friend, the general, are as like as twins? But I beg your pardon, sir—no offense, I hope."

After all, there is something flattering in being taken for a distinguished person. The gentleman seemed so mortified, moreover, at his blunder that I could not help softening toward him. Indeed, I felt half way inclined to apologize for my identity. The least I could do was to invite him to "take something." He knew a good place, and thither we adjourned.

"By the way," remarked my new acquaintance; as we clicked glasses "being from——you must know my old friend, Judge Wiggins."

Now, it happened that I did not know the judge, but it would never do to let on I didn't, for he was the leading man of my state. So I put on a bold front and said:

"Intimately."

Forthwith we proceeded to expiate on the judge—in fact, exhausted him—agreeing, in conclusion, that he was the properest man in the nation to have been made chief justice, and that it was a burning shame that his claims hadn't been recognized.

Captain Fitz Prigg—that, I learned, was the strange gentleman's name—I soon discovered, had an extensive acquaintance with our public men. From the president down through the heads and tails of departments to the newest congressman, he knew them all. I I think I learned more of American biography from the captain, as we stood chatting over our toddy, than I had gathered from all my previous reading.

"But I was just on my way to dine at——'s," said the captain; "best restaurant in the city—would be delighted to have your company. It's so rare that one meets one with whom one finds it a pleasure to converse."

I modestly tried to excuse myself; but the captain pressed his invitation so warmly that it would have seemed rude to persist in declining. So I suffered him to take my arm and lead me away simultaneously with the beginning of an elaborate disquisition on general politics, which lasted till we reached our destination.

The captain had not overrated the merits of ——'s. The dinner we sat down to could hardly have been surpassed, either in the luxuriance of the dishes or the elegance of the serving. Captain Fitz Prigg ordered everything on the most magnificent scale. He must have a long purse, I reflected, to stand this sort of thing often. And how the captain sparkled as we feasted! I never saw a man who could eat, drink and talk all at once like him. He could expound the Virginius case with his mouth full of grouse, discuss backpay while masticating canvas-back and guzzle while doing all the rest.

"Pardon me a moment, Mr. Hay," said the captain, finishing his coffee and rising; "I see one of our city missionaries over there, and must give him something. I make it a point, in my humble way, to neglect no opportunity of doing good. By the by"—taking out his wallet—"can you change me a fifty?"

I could and did.

"Keep your seat—I shall be back presently," he added, stepping aside and accosting privately a young man whose attire, I thought, would have comported better with his sacred calling had the colors of his waistcoat been a shade more subdued and the stripes on his trousers a trifle less complicated.

The two withdrew by a side entrance. My friend, it was evident, was not one of those who give alms to be seen of men, but belonging rather to that class whose right and left hands, in matters of charity, are on terms of of no particular confidence.

The captain's stay was more prolonged than I had expected. To pass the time I glanced over the evening paper, but found it dull after my friend's sprightly conversation.

It began to grow late, and the waiter approached with the bill.

"My friend will settle it," I said; "he has just stepped out, but will be back in a moment."

"You and he can arrange that afterward," replied the waiter, "but it's our time for closing."

I felt rather embarrassed. The bill was forty-eight dollars and a fraction, and I had but little over that amount with me. However, I felt confident that the captain would make it all right. Though he had not given me his address, he knew at what hotel I was stopping.

I laid the fifty-dollar note I had received from the captain on the salver on which the bill had been presented, and waited for the servant to bring back the change. Instead of bringing it, he returned with a request that I would please step to the cashier's desk.

"This note is a counterfeit," said that functionary.

"That can scarcely be," I answered. "I got it from a friend with whom I dined here this evening."

"Then your friend will doubtless make it right with you. The bill is certainly counterfeit, and we, of course, can look only to you."

"But I—I haven't enough of other money about me," I stammered.

"Then this gentleman must do his duty," returned the other, as a bluff-looking person—the house detective, as I afterward learned—approached and laid his hand on my shoulder and without further ceremony I was marched off to the station house.

I couldn't believe the captain had played me false. He had probably been himself deceived in the note, and had put it off on me innocently. His failure to return promptly had likely been occasioned by the necessity of discussing some benevolent project with his missionary friend. He would be sure to come to my relief as soon as he learned the unpleasant predicament I was in.

And sure enough, when I was taken to the police court next morning the first man I saw there was the captain, waiting my arrival, no doubt. He and his reverend friend were in the midst of an ill-looking crowd, on which the latter, I thought, might have bestowed his missionary labors with profit.

I was overjoyed to find my estimate of the captain verefied, and hastened forward to take his hand.

I was surprised that he should turn aside his head without speaking. He was overcome by his emotion apparently. A second look revealed another cause. He and the missionary were handcuffed together.

A few words from a keen-looking detective explained matters. He knew the captain to be a noted "shover" of the "queer;" had witnessed his meeting with me; had followed in our wake the whole evening; had sat at an adjacent table when we dined; had seen me victimized with the false note, and had followed and arrested the captain and his accomplice, on which he had found plenty more of the "stuff."

I was released, of course, and left New York resolved, if I ever returned, to be more careful of making friends at first sight; and above all, of accepting invitations to dine with the fascinating friends of judges and generals.

Honors for a Three-Year-Old.

It may be a good joke to have your little boy's name appear in the city directory, but there are unavoidable penalties connected with the matter.

The parents of a little lad whose name got into the directory through the "smartness" of a hallboy, had to appear several times before the commissioner of jurors, whom they finally convinced that a three-year-old could not do justice to the responsible position of juryman.

Then they were compelled to make a statement to the tax commissioner after the child had been taxed on $20,000 personal property, and now the joke looms up once more in the shape of a notice from the Metropolitan Museum of Art, to the effect that the tot has been proposed for membership.

He received notice that he and his family would have free admittance to the museums on pay days, that he would receive invitations to all receptions, lectures, etc., and that his dues were payable by check, etc.

His parents have declined the honor.—New York Tribune.

The Last One as Usual.

A California man was standing near a hencoop in a San Francisco market when a hen pecked his diamond pin from his scarf and swallowed it. There were five hens in the coop, and as he could not identify the miscreant the owner killed them all, the pin being found in the last one executed.

An international exhibition of postal cards was held in Zurich, Switzerland, during September, 1898. More than two thousand different cards with views of Switzerland were exhibited.

WOULD CALL US "USANS."

Britisher Thinks "Americans" Not a Definite Enough Name.

A correspondent of the Westminster Gazette considers that it takes too much exertion and ink to speak and write the "citizens of the United States of America," and he suggests, inasmuch as in manuscript it is customary for brevity to print three letters, "U. S. A.," for the "United States of America," that the republic be called "Usa" and its inhabitants "Usans." He argues that there are twenty separate nations or governments in America, the same number as there are in Europe, and that it is as absurd to call citizens of the United States exclusively "Americans" as to have the word "Europeans" apply solely to Spaniards. The correspondent concludes by saying that "if one or two of the daily papers would make use of the word "Usa" when alluding to that part of America which is comprised in the United States, the word 'Usa' would be found so convenient that it would very quickly be generally adopted."

This is not the first time that the question has been raised as to a more fitting name for the inhabitants of the United States, and the proposition to call us Columbians has been more or less favored; but really there does not appear to be any necessity for a new name. Technically, to be sure, "Americans" is not distinctly graphic, as there are other Americans outside of the United States, but custom has settled upon giving our people the distinctive title of "Americans," and it answers all practical purposes. It certainly is to be preferred to "Usans"—Phœbus! what a name!—and our people have come to like it. They won't give it up willingly or without a struggle. As for "Usans"—pish! better "Weenus." There is something that smacks of the soil in that, though perhaps you-uns on the other side might not be able to appreciate its fittingness.

How to Open a New Book.

"Hold the book with its back on a smooth or covered table; let the front board down, then the other, holding the leaves in one hand while you open a few leaves at the back, then a few at the front, and so go on, alternately opening back and front, gently pressing open the sections till you reach the centre of the volume. Do this two or three times and you will obtain the best results. Open the volume violently or carelessly in any one place you will likely break the back and cause a start in the leaves. Never force the back; if it does not yield to gentle opening, rely upon it the back is too tightly or strongly bound.

"A connoisseur many years ago, an excellent customer of mine, who thought he knew perfectly how to handle books, came into my office when I had an expensive binding just brought from the bindery ready to be sent home; he, before my eyes, took hold of the volume and tightly holding the leaves in each hand, instead of allowing them free play, violently opened it in the centre and exclaimed: 'How beautifully your bindings open!' I almost fainted. He had broken the back of the volume, and it had to be rebound."—"Modern Bookbinding practically Considered," by William Matthews.

For Round Shoulders.

A physician recommends in the Boston Herald the following exercises for the cure of round shoulders:

1. Raise arms before your shoulders high, extend arms sidewise, throw head back, straighten head, move arms forward, lower arms, repeat ten times.

2. Stand erect, raise arms before you, rise on tiptoes, then throw arms as far backward as possible, sink again on heels and drop arms to sides, repeat ten times.

3. Raise arms with elbows bent, shoulders high, bringing palms together in front of face, then with elbows still bent swing both arms backward as far as possible even with the shoulders, palms looking forward. Repeat several times, but not until it becomes fatiguing.

Another simple movement, designed to bring about a correct position of the shoulder blades, consists in holding a wand with both hands, throwing the head back and carrying the wand from above the head, back and down the hips.

A Lilliputian Watch.

A Berlin show window has the distinction of displaying what is said to be the smallest watch in the world. The diminutive timepiece, which is less than half an inch in diameter, was made in Geneva, Switzerland, a place famous for its watches. The works of the midget machine comprise ninety-five separate pieces, and the whole structure weighs less than a gram. The exact dimensions of the watch are: Diameter, .4137 inch; thickness, .1182, inch; length of the minute hand, .69156 inch; length of the hour hand, .05122 inch; weight of the mainspring, .5902 grain. The watch will run for twenty-eight hours after being wound up, the balance wheel making 18,152 revolutions in an hour and traveling over forty-four and one-half miles in twenty-four hours. The watch was made by specially manufactured tools, and its price is $1250.

IMPERSONATED A DEAD FIANCE.

The Impostor Succeeded in Deceiving and Almost in Marrying a Mexican Heiress.

There is a young man in Mexico City who nearly succeeded in winning the hand of a rich and beautiful girl by impersonating a youth who was really dead and to whom the girl had been betrothed by virtue of a sort of family arrangement since they were infants.

The young pretender is a native of San Luis Potosi, but has for some time past resided in the city and has attracted attention by his elegance in dress and the freedom with which he spent money. No one, however, knew where his money came from.

Recently the young man came into possession of certain documents belonging to a frontier family which had once been of great note. Through these documents the pretender learned that it had been the intention of the frontier family and another wealthy family of this city to effect a matrimonial alliance. A young man belonging to the frontier family was to marry a young lady belonging to the wealthy and prominent family of this city. But the young people had never met, and the young girl had never set eyes even on a photograph of her intended husband.

Subsequent events interfered with these family projects. The frontier family fell from its high position and the young man himself died.

When the young adventurer learned of this history a plan occurred to him for replenishing his pocket. This plan was no other than the impersonation of the dead youth from the frontier. He learned all he could about the family history of the frontier people and he presented himself to the family in Mexico City and by telling them plausible stories positively succeeded in imposing upon them. But what was of more importance than anything else, he won his way to the heart of the lady.

It is probable that the marriage would actually have come off had not some friends of the family heard of the plot and presented proof positive to the young lady's family that her suitor was an impostor.

As soon as he was thus unmasked he was threatened by the girl's relatives with being sent to prison unless he withdrew his suit. This he was obliged to do, and it is supposed that he will now seek a change of air until the memory of the fiasco has passed away.

The Advantages of Losing Your Temper.

At football all manner of men have played at the ends of the rush line—an ideal man would be a composite of all the other men on the team.

He would be about five feet ten in height and would weigh about one hundred and sixty-five or eighty. He would have the speed of half, the quickness of a quarter, the bulldog pluck and nerve of a guard, and the brain of a captain. In addition to all these (and contrary to the opinions of most people) he would have a quick temper. There is nothing in football nor indeed in any form of athletics incompatible with a little of the "Old Adam," nor is there anything like anger to put life and fire into a tired man late in the hard fought game. One can be as angry as he may and still be a gentleman. Temper, properly directed and controlled, will add fierceness to one's tackles, speed to his running, and strength to his blocking, as nothing else on earth will do, and many the captains there are who, knowing this, have stirred up their wearied men with harsh words of command which they themselves realized were unmerited simply to make their teams work harder and faster—College Athlete.

Dream and Reality.

There is this real distinction between the dream and the waking state; that when awake I know there is another condition, while in the dream I take no thought of the waking state. Awake, I know that I have been living the fantastic dream life, and have come out of it into a real life completely distinct from the other. I am in a first state, and know there is a second. But when I am dreaming I have no thought of another state that I have come out of and must return to; I do not feel that there is another existence, radically separated from this one; and I never compare the visions of my dreams with my waking world, for I know nothing of it. I have the impression of having always lived the life I am in, which seems natural, and even if I ask whether I am not dreaming, it is a merely verbal expression, with no accompanying sense of the meaning of it. Another distinction, and the only absolutely clear one, is that while we always wake from the dream, we never wake from the reality. This is why we believe in the reality and not in the dream.—M. Mellinand, in Appletons' Popular Science Monthly.

Woman's Superfluous Energy.

A Louisville woman labored so energetically at combing her hair the other week as to break her collar bone. Another woman in Ohio nearly burned an eye out with a curling iron, and a third, this time in Kansas, had all her hair burnt off because her curling papers caught fire accidentally. Necessary evils, say the women.

Did you ever See a Snow Storm in Summer?

We never did; but we have seen the clothing at this time of the year so covered with dandruff that it looked as if it had been out in a regular snowstorm.

No need of this snowstorm.

As the summer sun would melt the falling snow so will

Ayer's Hair Vigor

melt these flakes of dandruff in the scalp. It goes further than this: it prevents their formation.

It has still other properties: it will restore color to gray hair in just ten times out of every ten cases.

And it does even more: it feeds and nourishes the roots of the hair. Thin hair becomes thick hair; and short hair becomes long hair.

We have a book on the Hair and Scalp. It is yours, for the asking.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Vigor, write the doctor about it. Probably there is some difficulty with your general system which may be easily removed. Address,
DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

One that will bring a pleasant monthly reminder of the giver is a subscription to the NEW AND IMPROVED

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly

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COMPLETE Story of the SINKING OF THE "MERRIMAC" and the Capture and Imprisonment of the Crew at Santiago, by OSBORN W. DEIGNAN, U. S. Navy, late helmsman of the *Merrimac*, in the January Number. Fully Illustrated.

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CONSTIPATION

"I have gone **14 days** at a time **without a movement of the bowels**, not being able to move them except by using hot water injections. Chronic constipation for seven years placed me in this terrible condition; during that time I did everything I heard of but never found any relief; such was my case until I began using CASCARETS. I now have from one to three passages a day, and if I was rich I would give $100.00 for each movement; it is such a relief." AYLMER L. HUNT,
1039 Russell St., Detroit, Mich.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 20c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 322

MONEY Representatives wanted everywhere. Big Profits: No Risk! No Security required! Either sex. Send 4 cents in stamps for outline. The Prudential Supply Co., Herald Sq., N. Y. City.

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Sharp Pains

Darting from one point to another, stiff and swollen joints, inflammation, intense suffering, are characteristics of rheumatism. All these painful symptoms are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla which purifies the blood and neutralizes the acid which is the cause of rheumatism. Why continue to suffer when you may be relieved by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine. Price $1. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

Lieutenant von Schellendorf, a German colonist in Africa, believes that he has succeeded in training the zebra.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York

J. F. Edwards, of Denton, Tex., has received an order from Japan for 250 bales of cotton. This will be the first direct shipment of cotton from Denton County.

To Cure A Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The fact that bicycles are taxed in France makes it easy to collect statistics as to cycling in that country. The returns for 1897 show that there were then 408,869 wheels in France as compared with 202,000 in 1894. The income derived from the bicycle tax in 1897 amounted to about $810,000.

Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer best medicine ever tried for Colds.—L. C. HAMMOND, 22 Colden St., Newburgh, N. Y., Nov. 26, 1897.

It is estimated that Australia raises about 125,000,000 sheep per year, and last year exported to England wool to the value of $123,000,000.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

The town of Tezintlan, Mexico, has been lighted with acetylene gas.

ODDS AND ENDS.

A cycling firm in Cologne has patented a new bicycle bell, in which is concealed a kind of revolver, which is to serve the double purpose of frightening away vicious dogs and cheeky tramps. By merely pressing a button attached to the side of the bell ten cartridges can be fired off in succession, these giving such a loud report that obnoxious persons and animals would not think twice of beating a hasty retreat.

Machines for treating coffee, used in Brazil, are made in the United States, but require improvements in view of local conditions. Thus the coffee driers are very unsatisfactory, and the inventor of a thoroughly effective drier would reap a fortune in Brazil. Driers as now made use too high a temperature, and the product is not uniform. It seems the solution of the problem would lie in the use of comparatively low temperatures and of an exhausting pump.

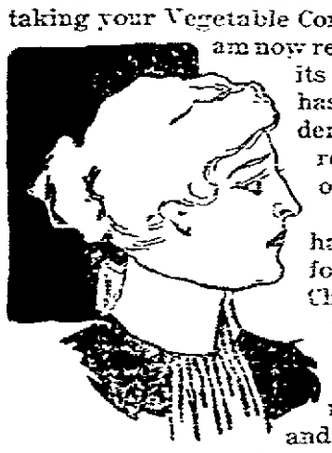
A student of Spanish annals has added an interesting chapter to the history of prices by revealing from the archives of the Escurial what it cost to discover the new world. The stipends of the discoverers, at all events, did not amount to much. The pay of an able seaman was only, it seems, 10 francs a month, while a captain drew only 80 francs, or about 3 guineas, a month. As for Christopher Columbus himself, his earnings were at the rate of 1,600 francs, or $320, per annum. Even in Spain salaries have risen since those days.

TUMOR EXPELLED

Unqualified Success of Lycia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. ELIZABETH WHEELOCK, Magnolia, Iowa, in the following letter describes her recovery from a very critical condition:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM.—I have been taking your Vegetable Compound, and am now ready to sound its praises. It has done wonders for me in relieving me of a tumor.



"My health has been poor for three years. Change of life was working upon me. I was very much bloated and was a burden to myself. Was troubled with smothering spells, also palpitation of the heart and that bearing-down feeling, and could not be on my feet much.

"I was growing worse all the time, until I took your medicine.

"After taking three boxes of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Lozenges, the tumor passed from me.

"My health has been better ever since, can now walk quite a distance and am troubled no more with palpitation of the heart or bloating. I recommend your medicine to all sufferers from female troubles."

It is hardly reasonable to suppose that any one can doubt the efficiency of Mrs. Pinkham's methods and medicine in the face of the tremendous volume of testimony.

A LAY OF THE GOLF LINKS.

It's up and away from our work today,
For the breeze sweeps over the down,
And it's hey for a game where the gorse blossoms flame,
And the bracken is bronzing to brown.
With the turf 'neath our tread and the blue overhead,
And the song of the lark in the whin;
There's the flag and the green, with the bunkers between—
Now will you be over or in?

The doctor may come, and we'll teach him to know
A tee where no tannin can lurk;
The soldier may come, and we'll promise to show
Some hazards a soldier may shirk;
The statesman may joke, as he tops every stroke,
That at last he is high in his aims;
And the clubman will stand with a club in his hand
That is worth every club in St. James'.

The palm and the leather come rarely together,
Gripping the driver's haft,
And it's good to feel the jar of the steel
And the spring of the hickory shaft.
Why trouble or seek for the praise of a clique—
A cleek here is common to all;
And the lie that might sting is a very small thing
When compared with the lie of the ball.

Come youth and come age, from the study or stage,
From bar or from bench—high or low!
A green you must use as a cure for the blues—
You drive them away as you go.
We're outward bound on a long, long round,
And it's time to be up and away;
If worry and sorrow come back with the morrow,
At least we'll be happy today.

—From A. Conan Doyle's "Songs of Action."

HUMOROUS.

Smith—It is the unexpected that always happens. Horrigan—Yis; unless we are lookin' for it.

Quizzer—Is he so very intelligent? Guyer—Yes, indeed. They refused to let him serve on a jury.

"Do you own your own house, Tweedles?" "No; we've had the same cook for seven years."

Uncle George—So you really think you love the girl? Harry—Love her? Why, I actually enjoy her mother's company.

Tommy—Paw, how did lead get its name? Mr. Figg—They tried to make nails of it, but found that it could not be driven.

The wind across my chimney
Makes no depth of joy in me:
For I know that its wild singing
Makes my coal bills bigger be.

"No; I never carry my business into my home." "What is your business?" "I am the proprietor of an intelligence office."

He—I don't believe you can tell who is to be my wife. She (blushingly)—You haven't asked me yet." And what is more he didn't.

"I hear that you have got a job at last, Billy." "I have secured a position, Jim." "How much pay do you get a day?" "My salary is $1.25 per diem."

"The Chuzzletops beat the world in economy." "What do they do?" "When Chuzzletop has a cold he doesn't get his prescription filled until his wife gets a cold, too."

"Mr. Yabsley, may I ask why you always dip your knife in your glass of water before cutting your steak?" "It is a little trick I learned from a fellow who worked in a rubber factory."

Wheelmen are fast, but in wit they are slow.
Although I can't say they're sedate.
A tack in the road is a joke, you know,
But they don't see the point till too late.

"I would die a thousand deaths for you," said the villain in his most silken tones. "I fear me much," said the heroine, whose angel's love was growing cold, "that the piece will not run that long."

"I say," said Fuddles, who sometimes thinks he is smart, "what sort of fruit can you raise on an electric plant?" But Fuddles, who also thinks he is smart occasionally, promptly replied, "Currents."

Two ministerial candidates named Adam and Low recently preached in a Scottish church. Mr. Low preached in the morning, and took for his text, "Adam, where art thou?" He made a most excellent discourse, and the congregation was much edified. In the evening Mr. Adam preached, and took for his text, "Lo! here I am."

A recent advertisement contains the following: "If the gentleman who keeps the shoe-store with a red head will return the umbrella of a young lady with whalebone ribs and an iron handle to the slate-roofed grocer's shop, he will hear of something to his advantage, as the same is the gift of a deceased mother now no more with the name engraved upon it."

St. Louis Duck Hunters.

There are a number of men in St. Louis who go duck hunting without guns. They own Irish setters or spaniels that retrieve from water, and they sometimes secure as many as four dozen ducks in a day which have been killed or crippled by hunters who failed to find them.

His Only Chance.

Mrs. Peck—Henry, I wish you would break yourself of the habit of talking in your sleep. It's very annoying.

Mr. Peck—But, my dear, you surely wouldn't deprive me of my only opportunity, would you? — Chicago News.

OUR UNCROWNED RULERS.

Give the children roasted apples to eat frequently and as many oranges as they want.

How long should a child remain in a bath? This must, of course, depend upon circumstances; the time must be varied according to the age of the child. For the first four or five weeks of an infant's life it should not be kept in beyond three or four minutes, and the duration must be gradually prolonged as the child grows older until it extends to a quarter of an hour, a period which may be allowed after it has attained the age of 3 years.

When the baby pokes an inquiring finger into the fire or tumbles against a hot steam radiator a quick way to relieve his shrieks is to cover the burned surface with baking powder till a preparation of equal parts of linseed oil and lime water can be applied and covered with soft cloths. If the burn is slight covering with the white of an egg or pure lard will relieve the agony. Burns caused by lime or lye or an alkali of any sort should be treated by vinegar or lemon juice; burns caused by acid should be treated with water and moist earth.

There are households in which the children are scarcely permitted to speak above their breath. This is not at all right. In the home there should be freedom of speech. Children should be encouraged to express, in a modest way, their opinions before their parents and to come to them for advice and counsel in all their difficulties and dilemmas. If this course is pursued they will not be likely to take any serious steps in after life without either consulting the old folk at home or applying the home standard of propriety to whatever enterprise they may have in view.

Poet Poe Not Expelled from College.

William H. Browne writes the following letter to the Baltimore News: "I see a paragraph going the rounds of the papers to the effect that it is remarkable that Edgar A. Poe should be honored by a bust erected in the university from which he was expelled. It has been shown again and again that Poe was never expelled from the University of Virginia. Mr. J. H. Ingram, the author of a well-known life of the poet, wrote to Mr. William Wertenbaker, secretary of the faculty, to inquire about Poe's conduct and standing, and that gentleman, who was librarian during Poe's residence and knew him well, replied, not from memory only, but after searching the records, that 'at no time did he fall under the censure of the faculty.' Mr. Woodbury, another biographer, says that during Poe's residence 'he did not come under the notice of the faculty, which is stated to have been at that time unusually watchful and strict.'"

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets.—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Professor Schwab, of Yale, says that the learned professions absorb 62 per cent of the college graduates nowadays, whereas they formerly absorbed 92 per cent. On the other hand, business pursuits now take 31 per cent against 6 per cent in the old days.

Five Cents.

Everybody knows that Dobbins' Electric Soap is the best in the world, and for 33 years it has sold at the highest price. Its price is now 5 cents, same as common brown soap. Bars full size and quality. Order of grocer. Adv

Dentists in Germany are using false teeth made of paper instead of porcelain or mineral composition. These paper teeth are said to be very satisfactory, as they do not break or chip, are not sensitive to heat or cold, or to the action of the moisture of the mouth and are very cheap.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

The Dexter (Me.) Penobscot Woolen Company's plant is running till 9 P. M., and can't produce enough cloth to fill orders.

Do You Wish to Sing Well?

Then use Hoxsie's Disks for every form of cough, cold, hoarseness or sore throat. They clear and beautify the voice. 25 cts.

IF THE DAMP AND CHILL

PENETRATE, LOOK OUT FOR AN ATTACK OF

SCIATICA.

BUT DEEP AS THE SCIATIC NERVE IS

ST. JACOBS OIL

WILL PENETRATE AND QUIET ITS RACKING PAIN.

TASTES GOOD CHILDREN LIKE IT

DR. SETH ARNOLD'S COUGH KILLER

CURES WHEN OTHERS FAIL

ALL DRUGGISTS

25 CENTS A BOTTLE

Send Postal for Premium List to the Dr. Seth Arnold Medical Corporation, Woonsocket, R. I.

If you have a carpet that looks dingy and you wish to restore it to its original freshness, make a stiff lather of Ivory Soap and warm water and scrub it, width by width, with the lather. Wipe with a clean damp sponge. Do not apply more water than necessary.

The vegetable oils of which Ivory Soap is made, and its purity, fit it for many special uses for which other soaps are unsafe and unsatisfactory

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OVER-WROUGHT NERVES OF WOMEN.

Extracts From Letters Received by Mrs. Pinkham.

"I am so nervous and wretched." "I feel as if I should fly." How familiar these expressions are. Little things annoy you and make you irritable. You can't sleep, you are unable to lift ordinary burdens, and are subject to dizziness.

That bearing-down sensation helps to make you feel miserable.

You have backache and pains low down in the side, pain in top of head, later on at base of the brain.

Such a condition points unerringly to serious uterine trouble.

If you had written to Mrs. Pinkham when you first experienced impaired vitality, you would have been spared these hours of awful suffering.

Happiness will be gone out of your life forever, my sister, unless you act promptly. Procure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and begin its use, then write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., if there is anything about your case you do not understand.

You need not be afraid to tell her the things you could not explain to the doctor, your letter is seen only by women and is absolutely confidential. Mrs. Pinkham's vast experience with such troubles enables her to tell you just what is best for you, and she will charge you nothing for her advice.

MRS. JENNIE BIERLY, Youngdale, Pa., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Will you kindly allow me the pleasure of expressing my gratitude for the wonderful relief I have experienced by taking your Vegetable Compound. I suffered for a long time with nervous prostration, backache, headache, loss of appetite, a heavy bearing-down feeling, also burning pains in the groins. I could not sleep, was tired all the time, had no ambition. Life was a burden to me. The pains I suffered at times of menstruation were something dreadful. I thought there was no cure for it. I saw your advertisement in the paper, and my husband advised me to try your medicine. I took five bottles, and now I am well and happy. Your medicine saved my life."

A Million Women Have Been Benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine

"Knowledge is Folly Unless Put to Use." You Know

SAPOLIO?

THEN USE IT.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St. Phila, Pa

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 20 years.—LIZZIE FERREL, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, 1894.

The French river Woolen Mills, at Mechanicsville, Conn., are running day and night to complete a government contract.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

There isn't a house in Santiago with a glass window, but the windows have inside shutters, besides heavy iron bars outside.

FREE We give every girl or woman one rolled gold plated solitaire Puritan rose diamond ring, solid gold pattern, for selling 20 packages GARFIELD PURE PEPSIN GUM among friends at 5 cents a package, send name we mail gum. When sold send money; we will mail ring; few can tell it from genuine diamond. Unsold gum taken back. GARFIELD GUM CO., Dept. 21, Meadville, Pa.

Farms for Sale!

Send stamp, get full description and price of 40 cheapest farms in Ashtabula Co., O. Best state in the union; best county in the state. H. N. BANCROFT, Jefferson, Ashtabula Co., Ohio.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

P. N. U. 50 '98

WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cts. to Ripans Chemical Co., New York for 10 samples and 1000 testimonials.

RHEUMATISM CURED—One bottle—Positive relief in 24 hours. Postpaid, $1.00. ALEXANDER REMEDY CO., 246 Greenwich St., N.Y.

AGENTS WANTED Genteel business, pays well. Gents or ladies needed at once. HOWARD BROS., Buffalo, N. Y.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE ITEM,

NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 13. 1899.

Judge McPherson, of Dauphin county, handed an opinion in the case of the Commonwealth vs. The Keystone Electric Light, Heat & Power Company, of Gettysburg, in which he orders judgement to be entered against the defendant company that it be ousted and altogether excluded from exercising the franchise of the Electric Light, Heat and Power Company, of Gettysburg, and also from the franchise or privilege to be a corporation by the name of the Keystone Electric Light, Heat and Power Company, or by any other name.

Court Items.

In the Orphans' Court Office the auditor's report in estate of George Swope, dec'd, has been confirmed.

The administrators of Cath. Hoffman's estate were authorized to pay share of John Frey into Court and were discharged.

George Spangler, sole acting executor of Eliza Spangler, dec'd, was discharged.

An issue has been certified by Register of Wills Stover into the Court of Common Pleas to try the validity of alleged codicil to the will of Belinda Swope, dec'd.

NO RIGHT TO UGLINESS.—The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and iraitable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at Wehler's drug store.

He has the Power.

The Hagerstown Mail says that old John Reinecke can cure a kicking horse by passing his hands over it.

One day he caught some boys stealing apples. Mr. Reinicke simply circled the tree with a short walk and left. The boys stayed in the magic circle long hours pleading for release. He undid the charm later.

Another time a lady came driving down the pike, who for some grievance, had not spoken to Mr. Reinecke for years. He said "Boys, watch her. To-day she will come in and speak to me, saying, "Good morning, Mr. Reinicke.'" The men at the barn were amazed to see the lady turn her horse into the Reinick lane, drive to the barn, get out and say, "Good morning, Mr. Reinicke." Then she drove away, yet always afterwards declared she was not at the barn at all and never spoke to Mr. Reinicke. The latter is a modest man and says nothing of his power.

Many Herschels in 1899.

Believers in this peculiar sign given in almanac, and said always to represent a period of unusually cold weather, whether it be winter or summer, can take whatever is gratifying to them in knowing that twenty-four Herschels are set down for next year. January will have three. They are due on the 4th, 8th, and 10th. Two Herschels appear for each of the months of March and May; one for April, July, September and October; three for August and four for November and December. June appears without the sign.

HOW TO PREVENT PNEUMONIA.—You are perhaps aware that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of la grippe. During the epidemic of la grippe a few years ago when so many cases resulted in pneumonia, it was observed that the attack was never followed by that disease when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was used. It counteracts any tendency of a cold or la grippe to results in that dangerous disease. It is the best remedy in the world for bad and la grippe. Every bottle warranted. For sale by Radolph Wehler.

The receipts of the Ninth Internal Revenue District for December were $230,220.89, an increase over December, 1897, of $50,528.06.

Paul Perry, of Columbus, Ga., suffered agony for thirty years, and then cured his Piles by using De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals injuries and skin disease like magic.
I. R. Wehler

Governor-elect Stone will be inaugurated next Tuesday at Harrisburg. Preparations are being made for the usual parade of the National Guard and other organizations.

Some person or persons inclined to wrong doing, stole a cow and calf from Wm. Egolf who resides on the Alexander farm, North Middletown, at nine o'clock last night; the beasts were in the barn. At four o'clock this morning they were gone. The cow however was not the mother of the calf.

FOR PRUNES, PEACHES, RAISINS, &C.,

The Finest in Town,

HEINZ'S APPLE BUTTER AND JELLIES.

FRESH OYSTERS DAILY

at Plymire's Store, CENTER SQ., NEW OXFORD, PA.

A Technical Operation.

Robert J. Chronister, of Hampton, who suffered for 18 years from necrosis of the tibia, or shin-bone, the result of an acute osteo myelitis, had the operation of sequestrotomy performed on Thursday, Jan. 5th. The sequestrum, or dead bone removed, measured 8 inches in length and the entire circumference of the bone. The operation was very skilfully performed by Dr. G. Emanuel Spotz, of Hampton, assisted by Dr. S. Ira MacDowell, of this place. The patient is doing well under the care of the operator, Dr. Spotz.

Berlin Branch Railroad.

The annual election of the Berlin Branch Railroad was held at Altand's Hotel, Abbottstown, Monday, with the following result: President, Capt. A. W. Eichelberger; Directors, Henry A. Young, Dr. R. N. Meisenhelder, Rev. Daniel Eberly, Joseph Wolf, F. K. Hafer, W. W. Hafer, Jacob Reeser, W. G. Leas and Michael Rebert.

This is the old board, except W. W. Hafer, who takes the place of Stephen Keefer, deceased.

TO THE PUBLIC.—We are authorized to guarantee every bottle of Chamberlan's Cough Remedy and if not satisfactory to refund the money to the purchaser. There is no better medicine made for la grippe, colds and whooping cough. Price, 25 and 50c per bottle. Try it. Randolph Wehler.

Lewis Face, of Mount Rock, who assaulted a number of women on the streets of Hanover at various times during last December was arranged before court at York on Tuesday. The witnesses in the case were all present, but were not called upon to testify, because the "Hugger" plead guilty to assault and battery with intent to ravish, and was sentenced to two and one-half year's imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary.

LA GRIPPE SUCCESSFLLY TREATED.—"I have just recovered from the second attack of la grippe this year," says Mr. Jas. A. Sones, publisher of the Leader, Mexia, Texas. "In the latter case I used Chamberlain's Ceugh Remedy, and I think with considerable success, only being in bed a little over two days against ten days for the former attack. The second attack I am satisfied would have been equally as bad as the first but for the use of this remedy as I had to go to bed in about six hours after being 'struck' with it, while in the first case I was able to attend to business about two days before getting 'down.'" For sale by Randolph Wehler.

Teachers Must Not Preach on Sunday.

Out in the prohibition state of Kansas they do not believe in being partial and evidently believe in a strict observance of Sunday. According to a dispatch, at Fort Scott, a prosperous town in that state, an ordinance passed by the city council puts a stop to all sorts of business on Sunday, including preaching in churches by pastors for pay.

A Comic History of Spain.

The Funniest Thing Ever Written Will Begin in Next Sunday's "Press"

The recent war was a very serious matter, but it had its funny phases. These have been put into jingling verse and merry prose by Charles M. Snyder, the author of the famous comic history of Greece. It promises to be the literary laugh of the year and it will appear exclusively in "The Sunday Press," beginning Jan. 15. Each installment will be illustrated in a lively way, quite in keeping with the text. Next Sunday's "Press" will also contain a visit to a dispensary by "Karl," Frank G. Carpenter's letter on the chances for investment in South America, a fashion article by the famous Anne Rittenhouse, and many other exclusive features which will interest every reader. Be sure to get next Sunday's "Press."

Copper Cents.

There are, it is claimed, 199,900,000 old style copper pennies somewhere. Nobody knows what has become of them, except that once in a while a single specimen turns up in change. A few years ago 4,500,000 bronze two cent pieces were set afloat. Three millions of them are still outstanding, but are never seen.

VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS—Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them, also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25 cts. a box. [illegible] guaranteed. Sold by Randolph

The County Commissioners reorganized for the year by re-electing all of the old officers.

Big Reduction in Overcoats and Winter Suits to order and Ready Made. J. H. MYERS, Gettysburg.

The internal revenue bureau has issued a regulation which requires all stamps to be cancelled with the initials of the user, together with the month, day and year written or stamped thereon.

To insure a happy new year, keep the liver clear and the body vigorous by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation and liver troubles.
I. R. Wehler.

Chas. S. Duncan and John B. McPherson, assignees of Amos W. Newman, have sold the Washington House, on Carlisle, street, Gettysburg, to Peter M. Brunner, of Gap, Lancaster Co., Pa., for the sum of $10,250. Mr. Brunner will take possession on April 1st, 1899.

The registry of births and deaths in the Counties of Pennsylvania is now being tabulated. The number of births, it is interesting to note, appears to average about double the number of deaths. For instance, Perry County had 578 births and 270 deaths; Northampton, 1801 births and 987 deaths and Lebanon County had 596 births to 333 deaths.

A young man made his appearance in New Cumberland the other day and sold a large quantity of buttermilk soap by promising to each purchaser a framed picture to be delivered by Harrisburg parties the same day. Needless to say, the picture never came.

BISMARK'S IRON NERVE—Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowls are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at Wehler's drug store.

A casket company of Allegheny has received an order from the Government for 4,000 zinc-lined coffins to be shipped within thirty days. Each coffin is to be accompanied by a rough box. The remains of the American soldiers who have died in Cuba and the Philippines are to be brought back to the United States in the coffins and will be buried by friends or by the Government in the National Cemeteries.

A Common Danger.

If you have ever had a cold which you permitted to "wear away" it may interest you to know it was a dangerous proceeding. Every cold and cough which is neglected paves the way for consumption, bronchitis, asthma or catarh. Otto's Cure, the famous German throat and lung remedy, will cure any cough or cold and save you from consumption. Sold by E. C. Livingston. Prices 25c. and 50c. per bottle.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

WENTZ & BRO.

For Dry Goods, Notions and Carpets, there is no place so good as this House.

We offer the largest line of Dress Goods both Black and Colors. We have the control in Hanover for the "Gold Medal Blacks" in plain and brocade.

Fancy Goods, we have a handsome line to select from, also Trimming's in all the Newest things out.

A full line Ticking from 8c. upwards to 25c. the yard

Bleached and Unbleached Sheeting, from 12½c. to 25c. the yard.

Pillow Casing and Tubing.

Feathers direct from Detroit, Michigan, all live-picked and steam cured.

Steam-cured Ginghan, from 3c. to 5c.

Light or Dark Calico's, 3c. to 5c.

Unbleached Muslin, 3c. to 6c.

Towels, large size, cotton, 5c. and 10c.

Linen Towels, all linen, Damask patterns, at 25c.

All the best makes Corsets, and the best 50c Corset in the State.

Turkey Red Table Linen's, 15c. 20c. and 25c., also white Table Linen, 25c. upwards to $1.50 the yard.

White Bed Spreads, from 48c. upwards to $1.25.

A $1 Spread for 73c.

Yard wide Percales, at 6c. worth 10c.

Men's Suits made to order and fit guaranteed.

Men's and Boy's soft and stiff Hats, the latest styles.

Figured Carpets, from 25c. upwards, also Rag Carpets same prices. Art Sqr. Rugs and Stair Carpets. Also Brussels Carpet. Give us a call and be convinced.

WENTZ & BROTHER.
Hanover, Pa.

WENTZ & BROTHER
HANOVER, PA.

"The Hummer!"

PRICES DROPPED 'TILL YO'LL JUMP FOR THE GOODS.

There is an advatage in buying early in the year. Just after Christmas we want to get our shelves unloaded of odds and ends.

Thread at 1c. Spool. 200 dozen spools hand thread 200 yds on spool for 1c a spool; 75 doz. Stockings, all sizes, were 7c now 5c; 54 Men's Random wool mixed undershirts, were 50c now 35c; 22 Men's Random wool mixed drawers, were 50c now 35c; 23 Gent's white Merino undershirts, were 50c now 30c; 17 Men's Canton Flannel drawers, preferred by many to the all wool, were 35c now 20c; 26 Men's heavy woolen over shirts, were 50c now 35c; 37 Men's fancy striped over shirts, were 25c now 18c.

For BARGAINS go to "THE HUMMER," the Bargain House of Hanover

CHAS. E. HUMMER,

Telephone 123 HIGH AND CHESTNUT STREETS, HANOVER, PA.

CLOTHING

PRICES DOWN

The prices on the whole stock of

Men's, Boys' and Children's CLOTHING,

to the lowest possible notch. The season grows short and the goods MUST GO.

Now is the time to secure a Stylish, Well-Made, Serviceable Suit at a far LOWER PRICE than such Sterling Values ever sold before.

HERE are a few examples: We have a few Suits for Men, the sizes are broken, that is, we have only one or two sizes of a kind, but in the lot the sizes range from 34 to 42.—Some of these suits we have sold for $8.00; the choice of the lot will go at.....$4.75

We also have A LOT OF OVERCOATS, for men, Blue and Black BEAVER, some of them we have sold for $9.50, (sizes 34, 35 and 36 only); choice the of lot.....$4.75

In Youths Suits we have reduced our $3.75 suits to....$2.50 and our $5 and $6 Suits to.....$3.75

CHILDREN'S REEFERS AND SAILOR SUITS reduced in the same proportion.

Call early for FIRST CHOICE. Sale begins

Tuesday, Jan. 3rd.

LIEBERMAN'S, POPULAR PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

Cor. Center Square and York St.,

GETTYSBURG.

BIG BARGAINS! For Late Buyers!

We are determined to clean up our stock of

Men's, Boys' & Children's Suits & Overcoats, Ladies' and Misses Capes and Jackets, Blankets, &c.,

if Low Prices will do it. LADIES' PLUSH CAPES, THAT WERE $7.00 now.....$5.00.

The $4.00 kind now.....$3.00.

LADIES' JACKETS THAT WERE $6.50 NOW.....$4.50

The $3.50 and $4.00 kind now.....$2.50

About same reduction in Men's Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats. We still have a GOOD ASSORTMENT of all above and kindly ask you to step in and look around. Very Truly,

SHELLY & BRO., New Oxford.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE ITEM;

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

BY H. I. SMITH.

TERMS—$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE—$1.50 if not paid within the year. No subscription discontinued unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid. A failure to order a discontinuance at the expiration of the time paid for will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates—liberal reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING of every description—from the smallest label or car to the largest handbill or poster.

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 13, 1899.

Public Sales.

J. H. CRIST, Auctioneer.

Jan. 28th—Edward Cobaugh, Oxford township, farm stock and implements.

March 4th—Ames Slothower, Oxford township; horses, cattle, farming implements, &c.

March 3d—Peter Loughman, Hamilton township horses, cattle, farming implements, &c.

March 7th—Emory Mummert, Hamilton township horses, cattle, farming implements, &c.

March 9th—Martha J Wolf, Oxford township; horses, cattle, and farming implements.

March 14th—William Brown, Reading township; horses, cattle, farming implement, &c.

March 15th and 16th—John Roth, Conewago township; horses, cattle and farming implements.

March 18th—George M. Jacobs, Reading township horses, cattle and farming implements.

March 2d—Henry Triber, at Eichelberger's Mill, Mountpleasant township horses, cattle and farming implements. Colestock, Auct.

March 11th—John Carbaugh, near Berlin Jc, Oxford twp., farm stock and implements, household goods, &c.

March 20th—Lydia Menges, Mountpleasant township, farm stock and implements.

March 23rd—Mrs. Pius Hemler, Mt. Joy township, near Littlestown, horses, cattle and farm implements.

March 31—Wilson Harman, Mountpleasant township, stock and farm implements.

Feb. 24th—Emanuel Haar, New Oxford, bor., wagons, buggies, &c.

Feb. 25—Mrs. Matilda Palmer, Straban township, farm stock and implements.

Jan. 26.—H. J. Smith, Straban township, farm stock.

March 14.—Daniel Shanabrook, Mountpleasant township, stock and implements.

March 18.—Holtz Bros., at Holtz's Mill, Tyrone township, farm stock and implements.

March 23—Jere Storm, at Lilly's mill, Conewago township, stock, farm implements, &c

March 7th—John Basehoar, Straban township, farm stock and implements.

March 17th.—E. C. Stock, New Oxford Bor., Household Furniture, &c.

March 30th.—Moses C. Myers, Mountpleasant township, Stock and farm implements.

March 31st.—F. X. Storm, at Myers' mill in Mountpleasant township.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

There are still a large number of cases of grip about town, but so far as known there are none of a serious nature.

Mr. Philip Myers who has been quite seriously ill for several weeks, we are sorry to say, is growing weaker.

The smallest things may exert the greatest influence. De Witt's Little Early Risers are unequaled for overcoming constipation and liver troubles. Small pill, best pill, safe pill. I. R. Wehler.

A large number of men were at work for several days during the week diging out and hauling away the ground and laying a new siding along side of Sheely's ware-house on Pitt street.

True bills were found in court at York, Wednesday, against Lewis Face, otherwise "Jack the Hugger," for assaulting young ladies on the streets of Hanover, Several weeks ago.

Horrible agony is caused by Piles, Burns, and Skin Diseases. These are immediately relieved and quickly cured by De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthles imitations I. R. Wehler.

A very successful District Teacher Institute was held in the public school building McSherrystown, on Saturday by the teachers of New Oxford, Oxford township, Union Independent, Conewago and McSherrystown.

Daniel Bosserman, of Reading township, slaughtered two hogs last week that weighed 443 and 514 pounds respectively. Isaac Miller also recently had one killed that weighed 498 pounds.

Coughing injures and inflames sore lungs. One Minute Cough Cure loosens the cold allays coughing and heals quickley. The best cough cure for children. I. R. Wehler.

Mr. N. Lingg, has gone to different places this week for the purpose of purchasing an engine and fixtures for the new steam mill which he will convert the ware house recently purchased from Mr. A. Sheely, on Pitt street, into. Work on the different buildings will be begun in a short time.

Rev. Father Clement Berger, the new pastor of the Immaculate Conception church, this place, said his first Mass here on Sunday and preached his first sermon. The people are very much pleased with him, welcome him, "we'll all work together."

These are dangerous times for the health Croup, colds and throat troubles lead rapidly to Consumption. A bottle of One Minute Cough Cure used at the right time will prevent life, health and a large amount of money Pleasant to take children like it. I. R. Wehler.

Kansas U. Harner, formerly of Littlestown, was lodged in jail in York, Wednesday, to await a hearing on the charge of false pretense, preferred against him by N. G. Meads, of Red Lion. The papers were from the office of Alderman Stager and were served by Constable Conley.

Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Fulton Gallagher, of Arendtsville, lost a valuable horse last week. It had a leg broken from the kick of another horse and had to be killed. Thos. Heckenluber lost a good horse by death.

Tuesday last, Prothonotary Amos J Collins, took the oath of his office before Register and Recorder Simon P. Stover. Mr. Collins will retain temporarially his predecessor, John M. Blocher.

Franklin J. Martin, of Hamilton twp., has purchased the home of Jacob Wehler, on Peters street, on private terms and will remove to town in the spring. His son Francis will take charge of the farm on which Mr. M. now resides.

Corporal Samuel P. Trimmer and Jacob Sell, late members of Company M, 5th Pa. Volunteers, and Clark Sipe, of Hanover, left Monday morning for Harrisburg to enlist in the regular army. They expect to go to Manila if successful in passing the examination.

Mr. S. A. Fackler, Editor of the Mienopy (Fla.) Hustler, with his wife and children suffered terribly from La Grippe. One Minute Cough Cure was the only remedy that helped them It acted quickley. Thousands of others use this remedy as a specific for La Grippe and its exhausting after effects. I. R. Wehler.

Several sticks of dynamite were exploded on the square in Littlestown last Saturday evening, breaking windows in Hotel Ocker, Mr. Ephraim Myers' residence and the store rooms of Miss Carrie Marks and Harry Martin. Two young men were arrested and arraigned before 'Squire Yount on Tuesday but for want of sufficient evidence were dismissed.

The Reformed church of this place will hold a Congregational chicken and turkey supper in Swartz's store room, on Philadelphia street, Friday and Saturday evening's, Jan. 20, and 21. All are invited. Com.

Several turkeys were stolen from the premises of Peter Jacobs, in Reading township, last Monday night aweek, about 9 o'clock. The thief was heard but the men of the household being absent, he pursued his thieving unmolested. He was traveling in a stick wagon and seen by several persons but not recognized.

La Grippe is again epidemic. Every precaution should be taken to avoid it It's specific cure is One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Shepherd, Publisher Agricultural Journal and Advertiser, Eldon, Mo., says "No one will be disappointed in using One Minute Cough Cure for La Grippe." Pleasant to take, quick to act. I. R. Wehler

On Saturday Wm. D. McSherry, who has been in custody of the Sheriff on the charge of embezzlement, brought by Pius A. Miller, was released. It appears that an investigation of the facts connected with the charge satisfied the Commonwealth's officer that while the defendant might be guilty of a breach of trust there was no technical criminal violation of the statute. A nolle prosequi was therefore allowed by the Court to be entered by the District Attorney. —Compiler.

Washington Camp No. 22, P. O. S. A. of this place, initiated three new members Monday night—Allen Herman, George D. Sheely and Emory Little. After the initiation District President Geo. Mummert, of Bendersville, installed the newly elected officers for the ensueing term. Seven other members of Camp No. 370, of Bendersville accompanied the District President. After lodge closed, all members present went to the oyster parlor of J. H. Plymire and had a very nice set out.

Spring Election.

The Spring election this year will be held on Tuesday, Feb. 21st, (the third Tuesday,) and this is as late a date as it can occur.

The last day for filing certificates of nomination is eighteen days previous, or Friday, Feb. 3d. All nominating conventions must therefore be held before that date.

Nomination papers may be filed fifteen days before, and the last day for these is Monday, Feb. 6th.

Destructive Sleet.

The rain that fell all day Friday froze upon the telephone and other wires, covering them with a mass of ice Many telephone wires were broken and at some places, the poles were pulled over, the ground rendered soft by the rain. The rain turned to snow about nine o'clock in the evening, and shortly after ten o'clock, the weather became clear, with a cold wind.

Telephone communication was greatly interrupted by the many lines being down.

The trees suffered severely from their heavy load of ice, many limbs breaking off.

Civil Service examinations, open to all, will be held in most large towns in March, to get clerks for Uncle Sam. Persons wishing to know the dates and places and how the positions can be obtained can write Columbian Correspondence College, Department B, Washington, D. C., and same will be furnished

PERSONAL.

Rev. P. M. Spangler, of East Berlin, spent Tuesday with Mr. E. C. Livingston, Center Square.

Miss Cleopha Robinson, of near town, is spending the week with her sister Mrs Charles Staub, at McSherrystown.

Mr. Paul Hersh, formerly of this place, now of Washington, D. C., has secured the position as private secretary to Col. Muhlenburg, and will sail with him for Porto Rico in a few days.

Narrow Escape.

The dwelling house of Samuel Miller, of Latimore township, was destroyed by fire between two and three o'clock Sunday morning. The place was tenanted by his son-in-law, Chas. Strayer. The first that the occupants knew of the fire was that they were woke by the stifling smoke. All escape was already cut off. Mrs. Strayer jumped out of the second story window in her night clothing to the bed of newly fallen snow below and the biting temperature of seven degrees below zero. Mr. Strayer then reached the two little children out of the window and left them drop in their mother's arms. All were in their night clothing. In this condition they attempted to reach a neighbor's house half a mile distant and were almost helpless by the time they arrived. Nothing whatever was saved. The house was insured, but there was no insurance on Mr. Strayer's effects.

To be Sent to the Asylum.

Ezra Hostetter, of Hanover, formerly of near Littlestown, was arrested Sunday by officer Smeach charged with surety of the peace and committed to jail by Justice Sell. He was taken to York by private conveyance Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Hostetter's mind has been unbalanced for several days, which necessitated the action taken. He will doubtless be committed to an asylum. He underwent treatment at an asylum on several occasions heretofore, his eccentricities developing on religious subjects, but for more than a year past he had been in excellent health and worked for his brother, A. F. Hostetter, at cigar packing.

Sunday, he became excited and threatened to wreak vengeance on several parties who, imagination led him to think, had harmed him. When Constable Smeach went to arrest him he declared he would die before he would submit, and as he had several revolvers the constable concluded that force would be unavailing and tried moral suasion with success.

A Dreadful Death.

Miss Alice Hager, of Clay Hill, Franklin County, whose throat gradually swelled shut, as the result of having a tooth drawn last August, died in terrible agony Tuesday night. Her jawbone enlarged, gradually choking her to death. Her right eye was swollen shut and she was totally blind. She had been taken to the leading institutions in New York and Baltimore but the most eminent skill refused to perform an operation. She was conscious to the end, and begged pittifully for relief. She was aged about 24 years and for several terms taught school at Clay Hill.

Bonneauville Items

The Bonneauville Creamery, under the efficient management of our jovial friend C. Myers, is doing a flourishing business, separating between 5,000 and 6,000 lbs. of milk every other day. The cream is taken to York Roads where it is churned.

There are quite a number of cases of la grippe in the neighborhood, none so far have been fatal.

The young folks of town are going to give an oyster supper and dance for the benefit of St. Joseph's Church, on Friday and Saturday evenings' Jan. 27, and 28.

On Saturday evening Jan. 12, at Sweet Home school house, there will be a debate on the question:—Resolved "That a man can gain a better living in Pennsylvania than in any western State." We have a crowded house every night and good order.

Miss Lizzie Fleagle left here on Thursday last, for South Dakota, and intends making that place her future home.

More Anon.

New Oxford Firemen.

At a regular meeting of the New Oxford Fire Company No. 1, held Friday evening, January 6th, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year.

C. K. Yeager—President.
B. F. Sellers—Cor. Secretary.
John F. Miller—Fin.—Secretary.
Geo. C. Sheely—Treasurer.

Just in Time.

A well known lady in town exclaimed the other day; I have been wearing my life out by the effects of Nervous Exhaustion, Neuralgia and Headache. My attention was at last directed to Barr's Celery Sarsaparilla for the nerves, and after using two packages I am entirely well, Keep your nerves well and strong by the use of this great vegetable compound. Samples free. Large packages 25 cents. Sold only by E. C. Livingston.

Death's Doings.

Mrs. Henry Kehm, the oldest resident of this borough, died Sunday morning at 11.30 o'clock at her home on Philadelphia street, from the infirmities of old age. She was in her 89th year.

Owing to the illness of one of her sons, who resides in the western part of the State, the funeral will not take place until Saturday morning. Rev. P. E. Heimer, of the Reformed church will officiate. Interment in New Oxford Cemetery.

Five sons and two daughters survive her. The sons are Rev. Jacob Kehm, of Sellersville, Pa.; Geo. S., of Iowa; Christian, of Baltimore; Dr. Henry, of Davidsburg, York county, and C. W. Kehm, of Burlington, N. J. The daughters are Mrs. Margaret Heltzel, of Baltimore, and Miss Maria Kehm, at home.

Mrs. Mary Hersh, wife of Mr. Paul Hersh, died at the home of her sister, Mrs. W. A. Himes, Center Square, Sunday January 8th. She had been sick for more than a year. She spent some time at the hospital in Baltimore and after an operation performed by Dr. Kelly she seemed to recover strength, but after seven or eight months at home the disease got beyond any skill of the physicians and at last the end came.

Mrs. Mary Hersh was a consistant and true woman, she was an active member of the Lutheran church and took a very great interest in the Missionary course and at the time of her death was President of the W. H. and F. Missionary Society. Her life was spent in serving her God in the capacity of a teacher and helper, wherever her home was during her life she exemplified the spirit of a chirstian lady. She spent her life in a number of places. She lived in Washington, Omaha, Hanover and New Oxford where she died.

She is survived by her husband, Mr. Paul Hersh, one sister Mrs. Wm. Himes and her father Mr. Abdial Gitt.

It is hard to see those who have been loyal in a life's service depart, but the hand of God comes to take from us the friends for whom we have great attachment, and His will must be done, and with the good example she has set before the world her life will not soon be forgotten.

She was 49 years, 11 months and 12 days old when she passed to her rest.

The funeral services were held on Tuesday the 10th, at 1 o'clock, at her sisters home, Mrs. W. A. Himes. Interment was made in the cemetery at Hanover, Rev. Ferdinand Hesse officiating. F.

Reuban J. Hoffman, of St. Louis, Mo., died Saturday morning at Good Samariton hospital, in that city of yellow jaundice, aged about 60 years.

Deceased was a son of the late Daniel Hoffman and wife, and was born in Adams County, December 14th, 1838, making his age 60 years and 23 days. When a young man he with his brother Elder went to Illinoise, where when the civil war broke out they joined Company C, 22d Illinoise Infantry, and served with credit. After the war, they located in Texas, and for some time were engaged as building contractors and cotton ginners. Afterwards they worked in the Leadville mines. About 13 years ago, they went to St. Louis and engaged in the contracting business. May 28th, 1892, Elder died. Reuben remained in St. Louis, generally coming to Hanover for the winter, and boarding with Mrs. Maria Shultz.

He was a member of the G. A. R., of St. Louis, and also of Benton Lodge, F. & A. M., of that city. He became ill about six weeks ago, and went to Good Samariton Hospital for treatment, and there died on Saturday, from cirrhosis of the liver.

On Saturday, W. Bair & Sons, undertakers, of Hanover, received a telegram from the Secretary of Benton Lodge, F. & A. M., saying "By his request, R. J. Hoffman's remains go to you to-night by Adams Express. He requests Masonic burial."

The remains of Mr Hoffman arrived in Hanover at 8 35 Monday morning.

From the train the remains were taken to the home of Mrs. Maria Shultz, from where the funeral was held at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning; Interment was made at the Pines church, near New Chester.

Samuel Wagner, a retired farmer of near Round Hill, died early Saturday morning, aged about 70 years.

The funeral took place Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment and services at the Union church, Hampton.

Mrs. Catharine Swope died at her home in Straban township, near New Chester, on last Thursday morning, aged about 78 years. Her remains were intered at the Reformed church, New Chester, on Saturday. Rev. P. M. Spangler, of East Berlin, officiating.

Pius Fink, residing near Littlestown, died Monday morning, aged 81 years. He had been sick for about a year with dropsy of the heart. Two sons, Basil of Moundsville, W. Va., and Joseph Fink, of Littlestown, survive him.

On Saturday afternoon, at her residence, in Gettysburg, Mrs. Mary Jane Slentz died unexpectedly, aged 72 years, 2 months and 8 days. On Friday morning, though in her usual health, she was found in the sitting-room by her nephew, John H Slentz, Clerk in the Gettysburg Post Office, suffering from a stroke of paralysis. When found she was able to converse with those around her, but about 3 o'clock in the afternoon she became unconscious and remained in this condition until the time of her peaceful death.

Hon. Wm. McSherry died Tuesday morning at his home in Littlestown, in his 87th year. In 1847, 1849 and 1851 he was elected to the Assembly from Adams county, and in 1862 and 1871 he was chosen State Senator from the Cumberland-Adams district.

In 1882 he ran as independent candidate for Congress against W. A. Duncan, but was defeated in the district. He was one of the oldest members of the Adams County Bar.

Mr. McSherry was married twice. His first marriage was to Miss McSherry, a daughter of Dr. Richard McSherry, of Martinsburg, W. Va This union was blessed with eight children, 7 of whom survive, namely two sons—Dr. Richard McSherry, of Baltimore, and Wm. McSherry, Jr., Esq., of Gettysburg, and five daughters, Misses Annie, Maggie, Cecelia, Mame and Jennie, at home.

His second marriage was to Miss Buddy, daughter of John Buddy, near Littlestown. Seven children were born to Mr. McSherry by his second wife, all of whom are living. His remains were interred at Littlestown this Thursday morning.

CHURCH NOTICES.

There will be preaching in St. Paul's Lutheran church next Sunday at 10 a. m. Sunday school 9 a. m.; Junior C. E. 3 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. 6 p. m.; Catechetical class Saturday at 2 p. m.

REV. FERDINAND HESSE, Pastor.

There will be two masses in the Cathoiic church next Sunday—Low Mass at 8 o'clock and High Mass at 10 o'clock.

REV. CLEMENT BERGER, Pastor.

There will be preaching in the M. E. church next Sunday at 7 p. m.; Sunday school 9 a. m.; Epworth League at 6 p. m.

REV. GEORGE M. GLENN, Pastor.

Divine services in St. Paul's Reformed church next Sunday at 7 p. m. Reformation sermon and Instalation of officers. Sunday school 9 a. m.; C. E. Society 6. p. m.; Mid-week services Thursday 7 p m.; Catechetical class Saturday 9 a. m.

REV. P. E. HEIMER, Pastor.

HIS LIFE WAS SAVED.—Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with typhoid fever, that ran into pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave grert relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong I can't say too much in praise." This maavellous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat Lung Truble. Regular sizes 50 cents and $1.00 Trial bottles free at Wehler's Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

THE MARKETS.

NEW OXFORD.—By Z. H. Cashman

Choice Wheat	70
No. 2 "	68
Raked "	50
Rye	42 @ 50
Corn	32 @ 33
Oats	25 @ 30
Clover seed, per lb	2 @ 4
Timothy seed	1.00 @ 1.25
Timothy hay	4.00 @ 7.00
Rye straw	4.00 @ 5.00

MARRIED.

Jan. 5, at the Reformed parsonage, in this place, by Rev. P. E. Heimer, Edward Markle to Miss Ida Hoke, both of Abbottstown.

Jan. 4, at Gettysburg, by L. H. Meals, J. P., Mr. Charles W. Stear, to Miss Martha V. Lott, both of Gettysburg.

Jan. 10, in this place, by Rev. Ferdinand Hesse, Mr. George E. Miller to Miss Jennie S. Eichelberger, of New Baltimore.

DIED.

Death-tree—tributes, verses, &c., 5 cts. a line

Jan. 8, in this place, Mrs. Mary Hersh, aged 49 years, 11 month and 12 days.

Jan. 8, in this place, Mrs. Henry Kehm, aged 88 years.

Jan 5, at Arendtsville, Miss Eliza Galbraith, of grippe, aged 81 years 9 months and 23 days.

Jan. 9, in Fairfield, Danicl Mickley aged 97 years and 21 days.

Bargains in Jewelry.

Last Year's Goods at Half Price.

We have a lot of New Gold Watches on hand that must be sold over the Holidays. We are not going to keep any if we can get First Cost for them. This will positively give you Bargains in Watches.

We also have a lot of Jewelry, some new and some old, that we will sell regardless of price.

IT MUST GO

and good Bargains can be had. Come to see it and give us an offer. We will sell it off this year. Any one in search of Jewelry for Holiday Presents will do well therefore by first seeing our stock.

We fit Spectacles with the Test-Case and examine eyes free of charge.

RANDOLPH WEHLER
Apothecary.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE HEROES OF TODAY.

We were told that men no longer fought for glory, as of yore,
That the ancient love of country burned in human hearts no more:
"In this age of subtle science, valor counts for naught," they said:
"Heroes are no longer needed, and their sturdy race is dead.
Science will decide the struggle—nations will be conquered then,
Not by courage, but by cunning—with machines and not with men."
Yet when first the sound of battle, borne upon the ocean breeze,
Drifted in from far Manila and from Cuba's tropic seas,
We were taught that 'tis, as ever, men by whom the fight is won,
Piling on their country's altar mighty deeds of valor done.
Man's own courage fights his battles—whether armed with sword and shield,
Lustily, he lays about him, charging o'er the bloody field.
Or, on steel-protected cruiser, telescope in hand he stands,
Training engines of destruction on the forts of hostile lands,
Hearts of oak and visions watchful—these alone the day can save:
In some strange and subtle manner Fortune favors still the brave.
Though the sword of song and story hangs neglected on the wall,
And the musket's clumsy hammer nevermore shall rise and fall,
We have men who, now and always, in a righteous cause and high,
When their country goes to battle, for their country dare to die—
Men of wise and prudent action, men of mighty, matchless will;
And the Stars and Stripes are floating o'er a land of heroes still!

—William Hurd Hillyer, in Youth's Companion.

THE HEAD OF A REBEL.

A TALE OF MANILA.

BY R. CLYDE FORD.

This is not really my own story—it is my grandfather's. Still, since it is all in the family, I may as well tell it, and, besides, it has special interest now, when so many people in this land are looking and long ng across the Pacific to where our flag floats over Manila bay.

In the year 1842 my grandfather, a young man of 20, shipped as common sailor on the three-masted ship Polly Ann of New Bedford, bound from New York to the Philippines with a cargo of flour. The voyage was uneventful, and 136 days after passing Sandy Hook the Polly Ann dropped anchor in Pasig river, Manila.

During the ship's stay there, grandfather, who was of an investigating disposition, looked the city over pretty well, and, believing there were chances for a wide-awake Yankee to make a fortune in the islands, he quitted the ship and took service with a trading firm on the harbor front. In ten years he was manager of a business of his own and a man of influence among the foreign traders. The Spaniards, too looked up to him and respected him.

As his business grew he was unable to manage all the details of the increasing trade and so called to his help a young Filipino named Juan Aguado, a bright young man, half Spanish, half Malay, who had formerly been an assistant in the packing house. Aguada possessed polished, courtly manners and a good education; he had received his schooling at a monastery, and grandfather trusted him implicitly for in the course of time he made him chief clerk and adviser.

Aguado was absolutely fearless—that was where his Malay blood showed out, grandfather would remark when he himself had occasion to refer to the story. They were out hunting one day in a jungle tract some ten or fifteen miles away from the city when they were charged by a maddened buffalo that dashed out of a water hole upon them. They both ran for cover, but grandfather by some misstep tripped on a vine and fell, and before he could regain his feet the animal was upon him. It was no time to use a gun—they were armed with nothing but light fowling pieces for pigeon shooting. When grandfather fell, Aguado, who was a little behind him, made a leap to one side to pass him; but he was not thinking of saving himself. Quickly drawing his kris, which was another mark of the Malay in him, he rushed back upon the buffalo and stabbed it through the neck again and again with all the dexterity of a veteran matador. The buffalo fell dead in its tracks, and grandfather crawled away with a broken arm.

From that time on the two men were like brothers. Juan seemed glad that he had had an opportunity to show his regard for his employer and benefactor, and grandfather was too much of a man to be anything but generous to one who had saved his life.

But it was about the end of their comradeship. One day a native from up country called at the warehouse for Aguado. They retired to a distant part of the building and talked long and quietly together. Then the stranger went away and the clerk returned to his desk.

That night, when it came time for closing, Aguado said: "Senor, I must leave you. I am wanted at home, and it will be useless to try to detain me."

Grandfather was surprised beyond belief, almost; but he did not try to dissuade him. He paid his arrears of salary, added a handsome bonus and said good bye to the only man in the East of whom he was truly fond.

Two years passed and not a word came from Aguado; but that was not very strange, for the province where he lived had been in open revolt for some time, and as the fighting on both sides was constant and relentless, communication with Manila was practically cut off.

However, as time went on the rebellion was crushed, and the insurgents were scattered or captured. The leader of the revolution, one Luiz Berceo, was a man of considerable generalship and resources, for without munitions or money he had held his ground against the Spaniards for a long time and had intrigued successfully against the native troops sent to oppose him. But he could not hold out forever, and he, too, was a fugitive.

Then it was that the government resorted to an expedient often tried in Spanish countries for catching those who will not surrender—a price was set on Luiz Berceo's head. Placards were posted in Manila and throughout the islands wherever Spanish authority was recognized, proclaiming a reward of 40,000 Mexican dollars to the one who would bring the head of the insurgent leader to the authorities.

My grandfather had frequently seen these announcements and wondered what sort of a man it was who caused the captain-general so much annoyance. Both the captain-general and himself were soon to know.

One afternoon the captain-general sat alone in his office. He was in a complacent mood, for certain documents before him related to the disposition of the surrendered insurgent bands who had been harassing his chosen province for the last two years. Suddenly, without any warning, the door opened behind him, and a man stepped quickly in the room, at the same time slipping the bolt again into its place. He was dressed like a priest in a long black gown and had a hood over his head.

"Peace upon you," he said, coldly, and Don Zavier Macia turned in his chair.

"Who are you and what do you want?"

"Do not talk too loud," said the visitor, pushing back the cowl from his face. "Who am I? See for yourself."

The captain-general gave a start of terror, and his face blanched. It was Berceo, the insurgent chief, who stood before him.

"Listen to me, senor, and I'll tell you what I want. You have offered $40,000 for my head. See, I have brought it myself and claim the money."

Berceo stepped nearer and drew from under his cloak a long native knife.

"I can't very well carry Mexican dollars. I will take Spanish bank notes. Hurry!"

General Macia ground his teeth in rage, but dared do nothing except obey. He knew well the character of the man he was dealing with. From a desk near by he counted out the equivalent of $40,000 in Bank of Spain notes and handed them to the rebel leader who began to back toward the door. "Good day, senor," he said politely and sprang out. A guard at the end of the hall tried to retrain him, but Berceo cut him down with the knife, and then throwing off his monk's garb he reached the street and made good his escape.

That same night grandfather sat smoking on his wide veranda which looked out upon the bay. One or two acquaintances from the neighboring compounds had dropped in for a chat, but by 10 o'clock he was alone again. As he sat dreamily gazing out at the twinkling lights on the ships at anchor, he heard a step on the stairway behind him; he thought it was his Chinese servant. Soon, however, a familiar voice spoke:

"Senor, excuse the intrusion."

He turned around, and there stood his former clerk, Juan Aguado.

"Why, Juan, what a pleasure! But how you startled me! Come, sit down, and tell me all about yourself."

Aguado smiled. "Are we quite alone, senor?" he asked, glancing around furtively.

"Yes, entirely so; the servants have gone to bed."

"Well, then, you want to know all about myself. I can tell you in a word—I am Berceo."

My grandfather was a cool man. "Come inside, it's damp here," he said, and led the way to a room back of the veranda.

Briefly Aguado told him what had taken place in the last two years. The man that had called upon him the day he left brought evil news. His home village had been destroyed, and his father, a petty official up country, had been imprisoned on some trumped-up charge, his two brothers had been killed in a fight with their Spanish guards. He had long known what Spanish rule was in the out provinces—but, alas, his revolution did not succeed.

Next he told how he had just braved the captain-general in his very palace and wrung from him the price set upon his own head.

"By the grace of God I escaped; but it will not be for long, unless, senor, you help me."

"Not knowing what I should have done in your place, Juan," said grandfather, slowly. "I'm not the man to see you handed over to General Don Xavier Macia. Let me think."

After a while grandfather said: "I think I have it. A captain friend of mine sails for Hong Kong on the morning breeze. If I can get you on board his ship you are safe. Come, put on some of my clothes. I don't think the authorities will be looking for you here; they don't know that Luiz Berceo is such a dear friend of mine, and I think we can get out to the ship all right."

Talking English, they made their way quietly to the harbor front and called a sampan. They looked like two belated English captains going out to their ships.

A half a mile out in the bay lay the John Dorset, ready to weigh anchor. My grandfather hailed, and when the captain appeared, he climbed on board, leaving Aguado below in the boat. Grandfather drew the captain below and told him who the man was in the sampan and what he wanted.

Captain Higgins of the John Dorset was an old seadog of the genuine Yankee type. He liked a man who had what he called "sand for ballast," as Luiz Berceo evidently had.

"Shiver my mainmast, but I'll take him," said Captain Higgins. "He can have my cabin till we are well past Corregidor and out to sea."

This is about the end of the story. Aguado escaped safely to Hong Kong. A year or two afterward, just before grandfather sold out his business and started home, he received a package from a Chinese port. It contained a beautifully-jeweled Malay kris with the name "Juan Aguado" upon the blade.—Detroit Free Press.

The Last Execution at Tyburn.

The last execution at Tyburn, says a writer in Notes and Queries, took place on Friday, Nov. 7, 1783, in the person of John Austin, convicted on the preceding Saturday of robbing John Spicer and cutting and wounding him in a cruel manner. In Walford's "Old and New London" it is erroneously said that "the last criminal execution here was one Ryland, who was hung [sic] for forgery in 1783." William Ryland was executed on Aug. 29, two months before the date of Austin's conviction, and many a poor wretch made the fatal pilgrimage to Tyburn in the interval, hanging by wholesale being the rule in those days.

The long procession westward had been attended by such disgraceful scenes that the authorities resolved to hang criminals henceforth outside Newgate prison, straight from the condemned cell. Accordingly, on Dec. 2, 1783, the recorder ordered the erection of a scaffold in front of the jail, of which a notice and descriptive engraving appear in the Gentleman's Magazine for the same month, and on the 10th the new hanging place was inaugurated by the execution of ten malefactors.

Uses Sometimes Made of Rings.

In ancient times a seal ring served often as a letter of introduction, and to go no further, Scripture offers more than one example of its being used in this way. In earlier and in later days a ring served to identify its owner or his messenger, and not only poetry and fiction but history itself has offered many romantic instances of rings employed in this way. Some persons have cast doubts on the story of Queen Elizabeth's waiting for the ring which Essex was to send her if ever he found himself in trouble and needed her. But whether or not the story is true, it is a fact that from the time of Essex's daughter, Lady Frances Devereux, such a ring has descended from mother to daughter down to the present time. It is of fine gold, with a cameo head of Queen Elizabeth, most exquisitely wrought, probably by some skillful Italian.

The Dreyfus "Hoodoo."

A fatality followed the family of the late Colonel Henry of Dreyfus fame as it followed the Stuarts. He was the third member of his family within 27 years who died a tragical death. The first had the misnomer of "Fortunate Henry." He was a member of the Commune and a colonel under it in 1871. His son was Emile Henry, who dynamited the police station at the Rue des Bons Enfants and the Cafe Terminus in 1894. Colonel Henry of the general staff was summoned to give evidence before the assize court of the Seine as to the character and morals of his young kinsman. He appeared for the prosecution. Perhaps his disposition hardened the heart of the jury. He said in his coarse way, "The father was a restless Republican under the empire, the son of a restless anarchist. They were all like that in that branch."

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Attorneys-at-Law, Gettysburg, Pa.
Office on second floor of "Star and Sentinel" building. Will attend promptly to all legal business submitted to them.

G. J. BENNER,
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HOTELS.

EAGLE HOTEL, New Oxford.
Frank Fleshman, : : Proprietor.
House thoroughly refitted and refurnished. The bar stocked with the choicest wines, liquors and cigars, while the table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market affords. Ample stabling.

HOTEL YANTIS,
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New House, New Furniture, Old Landlord. Up-to-date and first-class throughout.

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Adjoining the Court House.
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The bar is stocked with Choice Wines, Beer and Liquors, and fine brands of Cigars. The table is supplied with the best the market affords. Free 'Bus to and from trains. Extensive stabling attached to the hotel.

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Half square from either depot. Livery connected with the hotel. Drive of 20 miles with four or more, over battlefield, $1.35, including dinner.
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GRAIN and PRODUCE.
The undersigned, having purchased the warehouse on Pitt Street, New Oxford, Pa., he will buy all kinds of GRAIN, such as Wheat, Rye, Oats and Corn, Clover and Timothy Seed, Hay and Straw, etc. Will also keep on hand a full stock of Flour, Feeds, Salt, etc.
LUMBER AND COAL.—The Lumber and Coal business will be continued as heretofore, with a full stock of all kinds of Lumber and Coal, which will be sold at bottom prices. Thankful for the liberal patronage given me in the past, I will endeavor to merit a continuance of the same.
A. SHEELY.

GRAIN and PRODUCE.
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At the Brick Warehouse, HANOVER ST., NEW OXFORD, PA., will buy and sell all kinds of
Wheat, Hay, Straw, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Bran, Middlings, Chop, etc., Also
The Best Brands of Flour,
Coarse and Fine Salt, etc.,
Sellers and buyers will find it to their advantage to give him a call. Free delivery to any part of the borough.
☞Car leaves New Oxford every Thursday Afternoon for Baltimore. Returning, leaves Hillen Station every Friday at 4 o'clock p. m. All orders left with him will receive prompt attention.

GEO. F. RABINE,
Practical Barber and Hairdresser,
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Having opened a first-class Barber Shop in the above named place, I respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.
GIVE ME A CALL.

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When in Hanover and in need of a Hotel, drop in the
HOTEL ABELL.
American and European Plan.
Restaurant Attached.
T. L. ABELL, Propr.

ANNOUNCEMENT . . .
LUMBER AND COAL.
The undersigned, having purchased the lumber and coal business from W. A. Himes, wishes to inform the public that he has now taken charge of the business and is prepared to supply the public with
LUMBER and COAL
of all kinds which he will sell at the lowest possible prices.
Call to see me at my office on Hanover street, near Cashman's warehouse, New Oxford, Pa.
JNO. S. WEAVER.
Successor to W. A. Himes.

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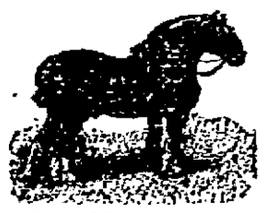
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FOR YOUR CEMETERY WORK.
I sell my work according to the times; guarantee good work and lower prices than anywhere else for good work. I deliver my work free of charge anywhere in the county. Come see me. I have some of the latest designs to pick from.
E. C. LOUGH, Proprietor.

A recent experience at Islington, England, shows that milkmen need watching every day in the week. Of 39 samples of milk collected on weekdays all were genuine, whereas of those collected on Sunday 8.2 per cent were adulterated, the milkmen apparently fancying that the inspectors were taking their Sunday rest.

Mme. Jane Hading and her company have just finished an engagement in Moscow with great success. They are to appear next in St. Petersburg and Finland, and afterward at Stockholm.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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NOTED WILD WHITE MEN

ERELICTS WHO FELL INTO THE HANDS OF NATIVE AUSTRALIANS.

dventures of William Buckley, an Escaped Convict—He Was Six Feet Seven Inches Tall, and Won the Heart of a Chief's Widow—Epicurean Cannibals.

The meteoric appearance of a gen-eman named Louis de Rougemont ith a marvellous story of hitherto nheard-of adventures during an al-ged residence of some thirty years ith the blacks of northern Australia, evives recollections of the "wild hite men" that from time to time ave fallen into the hands of the un-vilized Australian aborigines and een restored to white humanity after ng years of separation and degrada-on.

The first recorded wild white man as William Buckley, a native of Macclesfield, and at the close of the st century a soldier in the Fourth, King's Own, regiment. On Dec. 4, 1802, in company with six other oldiers, he was involved in an at-mpt on the life of the Duke of Kent. e was sentenced to transportation r life and taken out in a convict ship the Antipodes. During a brief stay the head of what is now the harbor Melbourne he contrived to escape company with two other convicts. he latter perished—how was never ertained—and when Buckley was bsequently questioned as to their e he was exceedingly reticent and deconcerted. That it was a case of nnibalism was the general belief of e early settlers around Melbourne. ayhow, in the last stages of hunger d privation, Buckley lay down up-what proved to be the grave of a wly-buried chief. Luckily for him e widow came along, and superstiiusly concluded that her dear de-rted had returned to life in the ape of a white man. She promptly nexed him as her own, led him to e camp of the blacks, explained the cumstances under which she had und him, and secured his admission a chief of the tribe, a position for ich he was physically well quali-d, as he was a man of great stature feet 7 inches), strength and en-rance.

For the next thirty-two years Buck-led the life of a savage, hunting, hing and fighting with the tribe t adopted him. He does not ap-ar to have taught the blacks any-ng or raised them in any degree in scale of civilization. He simply came one of themselves and adapt-himself to his new environment every respect—perhaps his best l wisest course under the circum-nces. It was on July 12, 1835, t he saw a white face for the first e after a lapse of more than thirty rs. On that day the pioneers of city of Melbourne landed from ir little schooner, and Buckley ad-nced to meet them. He had by this e become but little superior to the ages around him, but the new-ers noticed the comparatively t color of his skin. He tried to mon up some English words from depths of his memory, and at succeeded in articulating the d "bread." He made himself y useful as an interpreter between new white settlers and the blacks, when his story reached London imperial authorities magnanimous-drew the sponge over his offence sent him a free pardon. He en-ed a small pension in his later rs, and lived until Feb. 2, 1856, en he was thrown out of a cart and ed in his 76th year. The site of long, about forty miles from Mel-rne, was the headquarters of the e to which Buckley was attached ing his three decades of savage Three miles from Geelong there till shown a cave in a river gorge re he is said to have resided, and adjacent rapids continue to per-uate his name as Buckley's Falls.

mes Morrill, a native of Maldon, ex, was the sole survivor of the wreck of the bark Peruvian, that ck on a reef off the northeastern t of Queensland on March 8, 5. He lived with the Queensland ks for an even longer period—nty years.

he story of a little cabin boy ed Narcisse Pierre Pellatier t to have attracted the at-ion of the boys' novelists long be-now. He engaged as cabin boy he St. Paul, bound from China to tralia with 350 Chinese emigrants. also struck on a reef off the north-ern coast of Queensland. Officers crew got away in the boats, not bling themselves about the Chin-passengers; and in their hurry etting the little cabin boy, who subsequently found by the blacks dying condition in a cranny g the rocks. They nursed him to life, fed him, treated him well in fact, made him the pet of the Nearly all the Chinese passen-were captured by the blacks and up two at a time. The flesh of Chinaman is esteemed a great acy by the cannibal blacks of ensland. From the point of view cannibal, a vegetarian is far su-r to a meat-eater. Little Pella-ived with the blacks for seven-years, and was rescued by a h ship, the John Bell, on April 11, 1875. He immediately returned to France, where he may be still living. He would now be a man of between fifty and sixty.

MR. DOOLEY ON THE ELECTION.

After Attending a Political Meeting He Tells Hennessy His Views.

"'Tis as much as a man's life is worth these days," said Mr. Dooley, "to have a vote. Look here," he continued, diving under the bar and producing a roll of paper; "here's th' pitchers iv candydates I pulled down fr'm th' windy, an' jus' knowin' they're here makes me that narvous f'r th' contints iv th' cash dhrawer I'm afraid to tur-rn me back f'r a minyit. . . .

"All heroes, too, Hinnissy. . . . r-ready to sarve their counthry to th' bitther end, an' to r-rush, voucher in hand, to th' city threeasurer's office at a minyit's notice.

"I wint to a hero meeting th' other night, Hinnissy, an' that's sthrange f'r me. Whin a man gets to be my age he laves th' shoutin' f'r th' youth iv' th' land, onless he has a pol-itical job . . . .

"Well, sir, there was O'Toole an' all th' r-rest on th' platform in unyform, with flags over thim an' th' bands playin' 'They'll be a hot time in th' ol' town tonight again,' and th' chairman was Plunkett. . . . . 'Whin th' battle r-raged,' he says, 'an' the bullets fr'm th' haughty Spanyards' raypeatin' Mouser rifles,' he says, 'r-reared,' he says, 'in the air,' he says, 'where was Cassidy?' he says. 'In his saloon,' says I, 'in Im-rald avnoo,' says I. 'Thrue f'r ye,' says Plunkett. 'An' where,' he says, 'was our candydate?' he says. 'In somebody else's saloon,' says I. 'No,' says he. 'Whin the Prisidint,' he says, 'called th' nation to ar-rms,' he says, 'an' Congress voted 50,000,000 good bucks f'r th' naytional defuse,' he says, 'Thomas Fracis Dorgan,' he says, 'in that minyit iv' naytional pearl,' says he, 'left his good job in th' pipe-yard,' he says. 'an' wint down to th' raycruitin' office an' says: "How many calls f'r volunteers is out?" he says. "Wan," says th' officer. "Put me down," says Dorgan, "f'r th' tenth call," he says. 'This, gentlemen iv the foorth precint,' he says, 'is Thomas Francis Dorgan, a man who, if ilicted,' he says, 'victhry will perch,' he says, 'upon our banners,' he says, 'an', he says, 'the naytional honor will be maintained,' he says, 'in th' county boord,' he says. . . .

"Mighty few iv th' rale heroes iv th' war is r-runnin' f'r office. Most iv thim put on their blue overalls whin they was musthered out an' wint up an' ast f'r their ol' jobs back—and sometimes got thim. Ye can see as manny as ten iv them at th' rollin' mills defendin' th' nation's honor with wheelbahr's an' a slag shovel."—Peter Dunn, in Chicago Journal.

A Chinaman's Memory.

"The intellectual capacity of the Chinese may rank with the best in Western countries. Their own literary studies, in which memory plays the important part, prove the nation to be capable of prodigious achievements in that direction. It is stated in Macaulay's Life that had "Paradise Lost" been destroyed he could have reproduced it from memory. But even such a power of memory as he possessed is small as compared with that of many Chinese, who can repeat by heart all the thirteen classics; and it is as nothing to that of some Chinese, who, in addition to being able to repeat the classics, can memorize a large part of the general literature of their country.

"A Chinese acquaintance of mine was able at the age of sixty-five to reproduce, verbatim, letters received by him in his youth from some of his literary friends famous as stylists. When pitted against European students in school or college the Chinaman is in no respect inferior to his Western contemporaries, and, whether in mathematics and applied science, or in metaphysics and speculative thought, he is able to hold his own against all competitors."—"China in Transformation," by A. R. Colquhoun.

The Sikhs.

Sir Lepel Griffin has placed on record his conviction that the Sikhs form the backbone of the Indian army, for the following reasons: Ghurkas, though at least equally valuable as infantry, are by no means so plentiful, and are an independent race. Pathans are apt to become homesick and dislike to be stationed at any great distance from their native land. Difficulty is experienced in enlisting pure Rajputs in any number. But the Sikh is always ready to enlist and to undertake duty across the "Black Water," even should that duty be to fight an epedemic in Hong Kong or to chase Arab slave dealers in Central Africa, if only he be well paid, (for the Sikh has several Scottish qualities). He is equally good as horse or foot, at defense or in attack; he appreciates the value of discipline and is devoted to his duty.—Gentleman's Magazine.

Non-committal.

Alderman's Wife—I see that the members of the Spanish Cortes don't get any salary at all. I wonder how they live.

Alderman—Maria, I never divulge professional secrets, especially to women.—Chicago News.

THE PRIDE OF FRANCE.

SHE GLORIES HYSTERICALLY IN HER MAGNIFICENT ARMY.

If Fighting Between Her and Great Britain Took Place on Land the Victor Would Be Hard to Pick in Advance—How the City of Paris Is Defended.

The French army, to save whose honor human beings are crushed like ants and justice smitten in the face, is really a noble organization, notwithstanding the corruption that may exist among some of its superior officers. The army is organized on laws passed by the national assembly of 1872. These have been modified, enlarged and adjusted by additional laws voted by various legislatures from 1883 to 1892. To understand the very deep concern that is felt about the army by the French people—a concern similar to ours about the volunteers—one need only remember that by law there is universal liability to arms, and that substitution or enlistment by payment of money is forbidden. Any French citizen between the ages of twenty and forty-five who has not been pronounced unfit for military service, may be called upon at any time to become a soldier, either in the active service or in the reserves. Thus it will be seen how personal a matter the military becomes for every Frenchman.

There is a law (1882), supplemented by later laws, providing that the yearly contingent must serve three years in the active service, ten in the reserve pertinent to the regular army, six in the territorial army and six in the territorial reserve. The army in active service is made up of all young men—"the flower of France"—who have reached the age of twenty. The reserve that is held immediately behind this active army consists of the men who have served out their time in the active army. These two branches of the French army—that is, the active and the active reserves—are drawn from over the whole of France and are distributed over the whole of France. The territorial army and its reserves, however, are assigned to locations fixed by the administration from time to time.

It is freely admitted about France and Great Britain that if the fighting had to be done on land the result would be in doubt.

The following figures will convey a very correct idea of the present strength of the French army: In infantry, France has 145 divisional regiments of the line, each of 3 battalions and 4 companies. Every regiment has 62 officers and 1594 men. There are 18 regional regiments of the line, each with 51 officers and 1560 men, scattered in the various forts of France. There are 30 battalions of chasseurs-a-pied, each with 19 officers and 552 men. Four regiments of zouaves have each 72 officers and 2551 men. There are four regiments of "tirailleurs, each with 103 officers and 2632 men; two regiments "estrangers" and five battalions of African light infantry.

There are 16 regular regiments of cavalry and eight companies of "cavaliers de remonte," of 229 men each. Of artillery there are 40 regiments of field—428 mounted batteries, 52 horse batteries, 16 mountain batteries, and 12 batteries, mounted and mountain, in Tunis and Algiers. For engineers France has six regiments of sappers and miners, of which five contain each three battalions and one company of sapper conductors, and the other four battalions and one company of sapper conductors. There is also a regiment of railway sappers. There are also 20 squadrons of train.

The budget for 1893 shows that the peace strength of the French army amounts to 546,044 men. Of this total number 26,402 are officers. These figures describe the home army alone, and means that the nation has that many men at hand in France. The army in Algiers consists of 55,911 men, of whom 2197 are officers, and the army in Tunis consists of 13,458 men, of whom 552 are officers. Add the number of the home army to that of the army abroad and the total will be 615,412, of whom 29,151 are officers. Including all the departments, the French army has 142,038 horses in its service. If France were called upon to engage in war with any European nation at this time she would be ready to put into the field 541,026 for the active army alone and 25,700 for the gendarmerie and the republican guards. That is a pretty good fighting force to throw into action at once. We thought we were doing capitally by raising our big volunteer army in the Spanish war, but had our enemy been France instead of Spain, what another story we would have been telling now. France, back of her superb army, has a grand store of men to draw on. The number of men liable to military service in France is estimated thus: The active army and its reserves, all well trained soldiers, 2,350,000; the territorial army (active), 900,000, the territorial reserve, 1,100,000. These give a grand total of 4,350,000. Such a tremendous force as this would not of course be available at once. But if France were called upon to put forth its best military strength quickly she could bring into action with no trouble whatever an army of at least 2,500,000 men.

The coast line of France extends 1760 miles on the Atlantic and 456 on the Mediterranean. Its frontier on land covers 1575 miles, of which 1156 miles stretch along the German, Belgian, Swiss and Italian frontiers and 419 along the Spanish frontier.

The country is divided into 18 military departments. Each of these departments or regions is under the command of a division general, and each is cut up into districts governed by brigadier generals. The cities of Paris and Lyons have separate military governments of their own. Paris is considered the centre of military defence, and is therefore the strongest fortified position in the country.

Music by Wholesale.

The largest musical instrument on earth will be on exhibition at the Paris exposition in 1900. It is called an "autoelectropolyphone," and its inventor and builder is an Italian, Antonio Zibardi, who claims to have worked upon it for fifteen years. The instrument executes every kind of concerted music, and contains no less than eight thousand different and independent musical instruments. It costs about $15,000.

The inventor has employed most varied applications of mechanical skill and electrical apparatus, which are not entirely new, but the composition of which represents an incredible amount of most careful study and human patience. The instrument will be worked by means of two petroleum motors, each of three horse power, which, by driving a dynamo, furnish the light for the inside of the instrument, showing its countless details and illuminating the hall where it is shown.

A curious combination is the small electric fountain within the instrument, which will show in vari-colored light when the lights in the exhibition hall are turned down, the music from the orchestrion continuing all the while.

There are two separate sets of instruments, which can be worked singly or together—one a perfect string orchestra, the other a military brass band of 130 pieces. They have separate sets of cylinders, but there are some pieces for both orchestras, where the two cylinders are started together.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The Pineapple as a Fiber Plant.

Pineapple culture is already a flourishing industry in the Sisal hemp region. A pineapple plant matures but one apple in a season, and after the harvest of fruit the old leaves are of no further use to the plant, and may be removed. The leaves have the same structural system as the agaves that is, they are composed of a cellular mass through which the fibers extend, and when the epidermis and pulpy matter are eliminated the residue is a soft, silklike filament, the value of which has long been recognized. Only fifty pounds of this fiber can be obtained from a ton of leaves, but as the product would doubtless command double the price of Sisal hemp, its production would be profitable. How to secure this fiber cheaply is the problem. The Sisal hemp machines are too rough in action for so fine a fiber, and, at the rate of ten leaves to the pound, working up a ton of the material would mean the handling of over twenty thousand leaves to secure perhaps three dollars of the commercial product. Were the fiber utilized in the arts, however, and its place established, it would compete in a measure with flax as a spinning fiber, for its filaments are divisible to the ten-thousandth of an inch. The substance has already been utilized to a slight extent in Eastern countries (being hand-prepared) in the manufacture of costly, filmy, cobweblike fabrics that will almost float in air.—C. R. Dodge, in Appletons' Popular Science Monthly.

Widowhood Before Wifehood.

The sad and extraordinary position of a woman being a widow before she is wife is that held by Mrs. L. G. Koops. A few days before Mr. Koops' deeply regretted death he was married by the handschoen (glove) to the lady in Holland. She was to have left to join her husband on the 13th inst., but the cables have apprised her of her misfortune. The system of marriage by proxy is frequently adopted by Dutch bridegrooms in South Africa and Dutch brides in Holland. A friend of the groom represents him in the church, and he is only released from the solemn engagement by a saving clause in the certificate. The aim and object of these innocent mock marriages is to bind the far-away husband to his contract.—Johannesberg Standard.

Care of the Eyelashes.

The ancients made an art of the cultivation of the eyelashes. It was recognized that, besides adding to the expression of the eyes, the lashes preserved them from the dust, cold, wind and too glaring light, all of which tend to irritate and often inflame the eye. It is therefore not a vanity to endeavor to obtain them and then preserve them from falling out. A little pure vaseline applied to the eyelashes every night will aid their growth and strengthen them.

NOT THE ONLY ONE.

He Thought He Was, but He Realized Now That It Is Different.

A young man who at the present time is willing to accept any position requiring close application to business, a high order of intelligence and a meek and uncomplaining spirit, at a moderate salary, has recently been brought to a realization of the fact that he is a mere unit in the sum total of human existence; also that a little bluffing is a dangerous thing at times.

He was working for an old-established insurance company, occupying an entire floor of a large office building in LaSalle street, and had been employed by the concern for about six months, fulfilling his duties, as he had reason to believe, with entire satisfaction to his superiors. He knew that the head bookkeeper had referred to him as "a bright young man," and that his fellow clerks regarded him with respect. The manager smiled cordially when he met him and addressed him familiarly by his Christian name. Altogether this young man felt remarkably secure in his position.

One morning he walked into the manager's room and asked if he could speak to him a moment.

"Certainly, Herbert. What is it?" said the manager, wheeling around in his chair and beaming kindly through his spectacles at his subordinate. "Nothing serious, I hope."

"Well, sir," said Herbert, "I wanted to tell you that I intend to leave you the first of next month."

Why, is that so?" said the manager, "Well, well, well! You don't mean to tell me that, Herbert."

"Yes, sir," said the young man firmly.

"I find that I am getting $4 a week less than any man in the office who is doing the work I am. I have got to have a raise or quit the first of the month."

"O, no, Herbert, you won't do that," said his chief, thrusting his thumb into an armhole of his waistcoat and smiling in the same genial and benevolent way. "No, no; you won't do that."

"I have quite made up my mind," said Herbert.

"O, you've made up your mind, have you?" said the manager. "Yes, yes. But you won't quit the first of the month, Herbert; you'll quit right now and right here. You can tell the cashier to make out an order for your wages to the end of the week, and send it to me and I'll sign it. That's all, Herbert. Good day."—Chicago Record.

The Biggest Orang.

The largest captive orang-outang in the world has just arrived at Liverpool.

The animal stands about five feet three inches; each arm is about five feet long; the hands measure a foot each, and some of the fingers are seven inches in length.

When arms and hands are extended this magnificent monkey can stretch ten feet.

It could wrestle with five men at a time, and the chances are that this handsome specimen of their ancestors would get the better of the encounter.

The animal's face is, of course, free from hair, but "the hirsute adornment" on its head is parted in the centre with a neatness that suggests that the orang-outang has just come from the barber's.

Judged from man's standard of beauty, the new arrival cannot be said to have an attractive physiognomy.

The nose is sunk deep in the face, and the massive top lip is shot out to a length prodigious even for an orang-outang.

It is an experience to see the animal yawn.

When captured the orang-outang was in the company of a baby ape.

This latter the hunters shot and placed in a cage.

The grown-up orang had no more sense than to follow the corpse, and was surprised to find that there was no exit to the cage.

On the way from Borneo, whence hails the world's champion orang, the brute nearly escaped from the ship by scratching and chewing a hole in the side of the cage.—London Mail.

The Curious Pitcher Plant.

Specimens of the Nepenthes Ventricosa, or pitcher plant, of the Philipine islands, have arrived at Kew. The pitchers are green, with the peristome rosy red, forming a very decided contrast, though whether the color is fully developed at present is uncertain, for those now on the plant have not been formed under the best conditions and have not reached their maximum development, owing to which the size has been taken from dried pitchers in M. Loher's collection, which, of course, were larger when alive. These dried specimens give an idea of what the plant will be like when well grown, for one branch carries eight splendid pitchers and others are but little less luxuriant. It is found in several localities in north Luzon.

It is too early yet to speak of its future as a garden plant, but there is no reason why it should not prove as amenable to cultivation as most of its allies, and owing to its novel shape it should prove a great acquisition, both for its own sake and hybridization purposes.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

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Woman's Body Fed Flames.

Chester Jan. 5.—While carrying a lighted lamp into the cellar last night during the preparations for supper, Mrs. Geo. W. Stevenson tripped and fell to the bottom. The lamp was smashed in the fall an l the burning oil flew over the upper part of Mrs. Stevenson's dress. Her husband, who was in the dining-room, ran to her assistance and found her in flames.

He plucked at the burning dress with his bare hands, and finally got a blanket, which he wrapped around Mrs. Stevenson, extinguishing the flames. He was too late to save her in spite of his efforts. The upper part of her body was so badly burned that the flesh dropped off in pieces. She had also inhaled the flames, and about 10 o'clock Friday morning she died. She was only 25 years of age.

The unfortunate was the mother of several small children, who are now motherless.

HARPER Whiskey is rapidly becoming the national beverage. It's the one thing all parties agree upon, Republicans, Democrats, Populists. Even the "knownothing" party know one thing; the merits of HARPER Whiskey. Sold by F. L. Fleshman, New Oxford, Pa.

GO TO

Fairview Roller Mills

HAMPTON, PA., FOR

PURE GRANULE FLOUR.

Guaranteed to make MORE and BETTER BREAD than flour made on reels. ASK you grocer for

"WHITE ROSE" FLOUR.

CHOPPING and SAWING done to order. We pay toll for persons coming to the mill with lots of 5 bushels and upwards.

J. E. ARENDT.

DR. S. IRA MACDOWELL.

Physician and Surgeon,

Office—Dicks Building, Carlisle Street, New Oxford, Penna.

GO TO L. J. WEIKERT

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Patent Medicines, Jewelry and Bicycle Sundries; also BICYCLES.

REPAIRING of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a specialty.

LIVINGSTON'S BUILDING. CENTRE SQUARE, NEW OXFORD, PENNA.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace for the Borough of New Oxford.

J. L. DEVENEY.

FURNITURE!

......FOR THE......

HOLIDAYS!

WE have added to our already lage stock a complete line of

HOLIDAY NOVELTIES,

Consisting of

ROCKERS
COUCHES,
LOUNGES,
HALL RACKS,
SIDEBOARDS,
PARLOR TABLES,
DRESSING TABLES.

We have the Finest and most complete stock of Furniture in the county.

A. S. FEISER,
NEW OXFORD, PA.

EMLET'S

DRUG STORE.

We have a nice line of Perfumery and Perfume Atomizers for the Toilet, and Soaps of all kinds. Our Pure Skin Roap is steady gaining favor because it is good and cheap.

Whisk Brooms, Cloth, Nail, Hair, Flesh Complexion and Tooth Brushes in great variety.

Hot Water Bottles, Throat Vaporizers, Fountain Syringes and Rubber Tubing, all sizes.

A well selected stock of DRUGS. All the popular Patent Medicines, and ALL articles usually found in a First-Class Drug Store.

EMLET'S DRUG STORE
HANOVER, PA.

Telephone call 172.

KEEP QUIET and use Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for all pains of the stomach and all unnatural looseness of the bowels. It always cures. For sale by all druggists.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has saved the lives of thousands of croupy children. It is also without an equal for colds and whooping cough. For sale by all druggists.

Ladies, Girls, and Getlen's, Boys'

Winter Attire

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Ladies' Coats and Capes are now moving at a sacrifice.

Sizes in Children's Garments are greatly broken, consequensly we are offering what is left at moving prices.

Men's Heavy Storm Overcoats of Melton Cloth, Cashmere lined, for $4.

Men's Irish Freize Storm Coats, Cashmere lined, for $6.

Better ones for $10 and $12.

A few sizes remain of the following at prices that sell.

A fine Covert, lined throughout, for $6.

A double-faced Covert, sleeves and yoke lined with satin, for $12.

An Olive Brown Beaver, with velvet collar, lined with brown Italian cloth, was $14, now $10.

Blue and Black Beavers from $4 to $15.

In our line of Boy's Overcoats we have also reduced prices so as to move them.

Goods must be as represented or money refunded.

N. B. Carver & Sons.

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NERO FIDDLED WHILE ROME BURNED

because his instrument produced such sweet music that he was lothe to tear himself away.

Instruments of equal and even greater power are made now. We have Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Mandolins, Pianos and Organs which are not excelled in quality, range, sweetness or volume of tone by any instrument made.

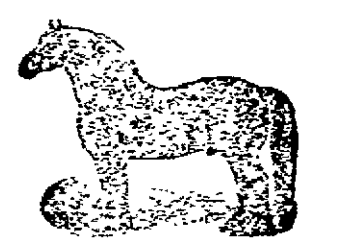
Makers have found the way to make their goods better without making prices higher Come in here and try your favorite instrument and ask questions.

Spangler's Music Rooms, Gettysburg.

Public Sale!

—OF—

W. Va. Horses.



THURSDAY, JAN. 12, 1899, the undersigned will sell at Public sale at his Sale and Exchange Stables in Abbottstown, Pa. Two Car Loads of West Va. Horses. The lot contains Pairs, Sadelers and Drivers, which were carefully selected. At this sale I will buy two car loads of fat, smooth, blocky horses. Sale begins at 12 o'clock, M., when terms will be made known by.

F. K. HAFER.

Lap Robes and Horse Blankets.

We have them to suit everybody and at prices too, to suit all,—the best at lowest prices.

Fire Arms and Amunition.

The largest and finest line in the county, at prices that are bound to make them move. Call to see us and examine for yourselves.

GILBERT & SON, New xford.

BROOMS!

Having purchased the broom manufacturing outfit of T. S. Swamley we wish to inform all persons who have broom corn that we will continue to manufacture brooms at th old stand of Mr. Swamley, in New Oxford, under Mr. Swamley's supervision. Brooms made on the shares, for cash, or we will buy the corn and sell you brooms. Brooms for sale at all times at bottom prices.

HANOVER BROOM CO.

G. W. WEAVER & SON. G. W. WEAVER & SON.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Money Saving Carpet Buying.

We place on sale—to be cantinued until sold

37 Rolls, and parts, Tapestry and Velvet Brussels Carpets,

Parlor, Library, Bed Room and Hall and Stair Styles—all regular goods and patterns—at the following unheard-of prices:

Regular $1.00 Velvets.................................at 82½ cts.
Regular 80 and 85 ct Tapestry,..........................at 62⅜ cts.
Regular 70 and 75 ct. Tepestry.......................at 5fi and 55 cts.
Regular $1.00 3 Ply....................................at 77½ cts.

Also Cut Price on Ingrains.
Cut Price on Rugs.

THE LEADERS.

Grand Opening OF Clothing and Gent's Furnishing Goods AT

FRANK S. BECHTEL'S,
9 Fountain Sq.
HANOVER PENN'A.
I. Herz's old sand.

There will be found in my stock all the very latest styles of MEN'S YOUTH'S and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING and prices that will astonish all—the smallest and greatest buyers.

Men's Suits $3; Youth's Suits 2 50; Children's Suits 65 Cts.

I have bought out S. Heiman (Isaac Herz's old stand) and have filled the store with all new goods, up-to-date in style and color and prices to suit all.

To be convinced of this fact come and see me and satisfy yourself.

I do not wish to do my talking on paper—come to see me and examine my stock, the quality of the goods talk for themselves.

My stock of Gent's Furnishing Goods is up-to-date and my prices so far down the hill that you cannot help but buy when you see them. My clothing is made by the best and largest manufacturers of the Eastern Cities.

I also have a full and complete line of nice and nobby HATS, in stiff and soft and in all shades and colors, also way down in price. I kindly solicit a share of your patronage.

David Schmidt, Salesman. FRANK S. BECHTEL.

1000

Yds. 8c. Cotton Flannel

AT

6 1-4 Cts. per Yd.

Call and see it for yourself.

EMMERT BROTHERS.

Center Square Grocery.

Fancy Choice California Peaches 10c. @ lb.

FIGS, 10c. @ lb.

REISINS, 5c per lb.

Prunes, 5c per lb.

Yours with Respect,

E. C. LIVINGSTON,

N. E. CORNER CENTER SQUERE, :—: NEW OXFORD, PA.

FOR RENT.—A Large Store Room. Rent Reasonable.

I have just received Thirty head of fine

VIRGINIA CATTLE,

which I will sell at LAST FALL'S PRICES,

BY THE QUARTER:

Front Quarter—6c.
Hind Quarters—8c.

Sausage Meat from 7c to 10c per lb.

ALL KINDS OF

Fresh Meats

always on hand at my store, next to Sheely & Bro.'s Dry Goods Store, Center Square.

THEO. E WARNER.

Highest Price paid for Hides.

A POSITIVE CURE for Diphtheria, Croup, Quinsy, Catarrh and all throat trouble. Perfectly Harmless Price 50c. per bottle. For sale by druggists everywhere. THOMPSON DIPHTHERIA CURE CO., Williamsport, Pa.

WM. McCLEAN, Late Pres. Judge. WM. ARCH. McCLEAN.

WM. & WM ARCH. McCLEAN,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Penna. Office west side of Baltimore street, 3rd door from Centre Square.

Send in your sale dates and have them put in the sale register.

Have bills printed at this office and your sale advertised in ITEM.

Western Maryland Railroad

—CONNECTING WITH—

P. & R. R. at Shippensburg and Gettysburg; Norfolk & Western R. R. at Hagerstown; B. & O. R. R. at Hagerstown and Cherry Run; Penna R. R. at Emmerville and Hanover; and P. W. & B. N. C. and B. & P. Railroads at Union Station, Baltimore, Md.

BALTIMORE & HARRISBURG DIVISION

Schedule in effect Oct. 2. 1898

READ DOWNWARD			STATIONS.	READ UPWARD.		
P. M.	A. M	A. M		P. M	A. M	A. M
——	6 15	——	Le Willmsp't Ar	——	——	8 20
2 07	7 02	——	—Hagerstown—	12 15	——	8 00
2 38	7 32	——	Ar Edg'mont Le	11 45	——	7 34
1 25	6 00	——	Le Ship'nsb'g Ar	——	——	8 55
1 50	6 31	——	—Chambersburg—	12 30	——	8 28
2 19	7 07	——	—Waynesboro—	12 02	——	7 51
2 36	7 30	——	Ar Edg'mont Le	11 45	——	7 35
2 41	7 35	——	Le Edg'mont Ar	11 42	——	7 31
2 56	7 50	——	Ar Highfield Le	11 28	——	7 19
2 50	7 50	——	Le Highfield Ar	11 25	——	7 16
3 24	8 16	——	—Fairfield—	10 56	——	6 46
3 33	8 21	——	—Orrtanna—	10 45	——	6 37
3 38	8 28	——	McKnightstown.	10 40	——	6 32
3 42	8 32	——	—Seven Stars—	10 37	P. M	6 29
3 53	8 43	——	—Gettysburg—	10 28	1 12	5 23
4 16	9 06	——	—New Oxford—	10 03	12 51	5 55
4 20	9 10	A. M	Berlin Junction	9 59	12 48	5 52
4 33	9 23	6 10	—Hanover—	9 46	12 37	5 39
4 45	9 38	6 20	—Porters—	9 32	12 25	5 27
4 49	9 43	6 25	—Sinsheim—	9 23	12 21	5 20
5 01	9 54	6 33	—Green Ridge—	9 15	12 10	5 13
5 03	9 56	6 35	—Glenville—	9 13	12 08	5 11
5 12	10 04	6 44	—Lineboro—	9 05	12 00	5 09
5 20	10 11	6 51	—Alesia—	8 58	11 53	4 52
5 31	10 21	7 01	—Green Mount—	8 47	11 42	4 41
5 35	10 25	7 05	—Hampstead—	8 43	11 38	4 37
5 42	10 31	7 14	—Arcadia—	8 36	11 32	4 30
5 54	10 41	7 27	Woodensburg	8 26	11 21	4 19
6 58	10 45	7 32	Ar Em'y Gro Le	8 22	11 17	4 15
6 00	10 45	7	Le Em'ry Gro Ar	8 20	11 15	4 15
6 57	11 29	8 40	Ar Baltimor Le	7 22	10 17	3 32
P. M.	A. M.	A. M		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

BERLIN BRANCH R. R.—DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.—Leave Hanover 9 49 a. m., Berlin Jc. 0 a. m, and arrive at Abbottstown 10 14 a. m., and East Berlin at 10 30 a m.

Leave Hanover 5 42 p. m., Berlin Jc. 5 52, Abbottstown 6 07, and arrive East Berlin 6 22 p. m.

Leave East Berlin at 8 40 a. m., Abbottstown at 8 54 a.m., and arrive at Berlin Junction at 906 a.m., and Hanover at 9 19 a.m.

Leave East Bealin 11 20 a. m., Abbottstown 11 35, Berlin Jc 11 48, and arrive at Hanover 12.

HANOVER JUNCTON BRANCH.—Leave Porters 12 33 p m for Hanover Junction and intermediate stations. Leave Hanover Junction returning, at 1 30 p m daily, except Sunday.

EASTERN EXTENSION B. & H. DIVISION—Leave Porters for York and intermediate stations at 7 30 and 9 38 a. m., and 12 29 and 5 27 p. m. Leave York for Porters and intermediate stations at 9 00 and 11 55 a m., and 4 19 and 6 25 p.m.

ON SUNDAYS ONLY.—Leave Hanover for Baltimore and intermediate stations at 5 50 a.m. Leave Baltimore for Hanover and intermediate stations at 9 30 a.m.

POTOMAC VALLEY RAIL ROAD.—Leave Hagerstown for Charlton, Clear Spring, Big Pool and Cherry Run at 8 05 a. m., and 1 25 and 8 05 p. m. Leave Cherry Run for Hagerstown and intermediate stations at 5 37 and 10 10 a.m., and 5 05 p.m.

J. M. HOOD, General Manager.
H. D. SCOTT, Supt, B. & H. Div.
B. H. GRISWOLD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
JOSEPH LEIB, Div. Passenger Agt

Lamp Logic.

When you buy an ordinary lamp you buy trouble. The money you thought you saved is soon spent in oil and time. A poor lamp is a mighty poor investment.

THE ANGLE LAMP

which we now have on sale is a good lamp. It is more brilliant than gas or electricity, and uses less oil than any other lamp in the world. it is absolutely no trouble, and requires almost no care. Besides, it is the only lamp that has

"No=Under=Shadow"

and all the light falls just where wanted. Thousands of these lamps are in use and giving liberal educations on the lamp subject. They are used where lamps were thought impossible. Your opportunity is *now*. All styles from one burner up. Unequalled for stores, homes, churches, hotels, etc.

J. H. PLYMIRE.
NEW OXFORD, PA

LOOK OUT FOR the Blended FLOUR that some of our Millers are putting on the market.

Buy nothing but the pure Winter Wheat FLOUR. No mixture.

MANUFACTURED AT NEW OXFORD —BY—

H. A. NAYLOR.
Flouring Mills, New Oxford, Pa.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons not to trespass on my premises in Oxford ford township, for the purpose of Hunting, Fishing or the gathering of Nuts, under penalty of enforcement of the law.

HANSON HERSH.

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